SECRETARIAT CONTACT INFORMATION

This annual report was prepared by the ANCD Secretariat.

It is only available in electronic format on the ANCD’s web site.

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The health, social and economic harms caused by alcohol and other drugs to individuals, families and the community is a key concern for all Australians.

Since its establishment in 1998, the Australian National Council on Drugs (ANCD) has provided the Australian Government with expert advice on issues surrounding legal and illegal drugs. The Council’s unique membership ensures it is well-placed to capture the views of the alcohol and other drug sector, as well as the broader community.

This year has been a successful one for the ANCD who contributed their expertise to the development of the latest iteration of the National Drug Strategy. This Strategy is an important framework under which the Australian Government has continued to tackle substance misuse, including funding activities that provide resources to the non-government drug and alcohol sector to deliver treatment services and build the sector’s capacity to effectively address and treat coinciding mental illness and substance misuse.

As the membership of the ANCD changed earlier this year, I would like to thank the previous members for their contribution over the last three years. They can be rightly proud of their achievements, highlighting many important matters such as pharmacotherapy maintenance, drug and alcohol use in the Pacific region and issues for the non-government sector.

I would like to welcome the new membership of the Council and I look forward to working with them as they assist government in addressing the misuse of drugs and alcohol.

The Honourable Julia Gillard MP
Prime Minister of Australia
This is my sixth report as Chairman and I am grateful to the Prime Minister for my reappointment together with those of Professors Margaret Hamilton and Robert Ali as well as Mr Garth Popple.

The membership of the ANCD is reconstituted every three years and our new members bring to the Council a wealth of experience which will strengthen our ability to address the harms associated with alcohol and other drug misuse.

We continue to work closely with the Federal Department of Health and I wish to acknowledge the cooperation and support of the Public Service.

The Salvation Army continues to monitor our budget with considerable efficiency and we greatly appreciate their involvement.

The unique nature of the ANCD whereby it has direct access to the Prime Minister and government departments is the envy of many countries.

It is important to reiterate some crucial aspects of the ANCD’s role and work. The ANCD was established 13 years ago and it is the principal advisory body to Government on drug and alcohol issues. This is a very significant role and demands an approach that is based on reviewing and exploring a wide range of evidence across health, law enforcement, education and international issues upon which the ANCD must base its advice to government. This is not an easy task and at times requires the ANCD to provide advice that may be difficult for Governments politically. This is why the ANCD’s complementary role to educate the wider public on drug and alcohol issues is so crucial. A challenge for us has continued to be to ensure that AOD issues are appropriately funded and supported each year.

The Government is to be congratulated for their continued efforts to ameliorate the disastrous consequences of tobacco smoking. This should give encouragement to attack the insidious effects of excess alcohol consumption and our advice in the ensuing twelve months will concentrate on this issue.

The ANCD is also resolutely committed to the ongoing work undertaken for Indigenous communities and people by our National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee (NIDAC), for the Region by our Asia-Pacific Drug Issues Committee (APDIC) and for the AOD sector by our national magazine - Of Substance.

I would like to acknowledge the constant interest, support and encouragement of Prime Minister Julia Gillard, Minister for Health and Ageing, Nicola Roxon, Minister for Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs Jenny Macklin, Minister for Home Affairs, Brendon O’Connor, Minister for Foreign Affairs Kevin Rudd, as well the Minister for Indigenous Health, Warren Snowdon and all their staff.

I also want to thank the Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet, the Department of Health and Ageing, the Australian Federal Police, the Department of Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs, the Department of Education, Employment and Workplace Relations, the Australian Customs Services, the Attorney Generals Department, the Department of Foreign Affairs and AusAID for their generous support and cooperation.

I would also like to give a particular mention to the Intergovernmental Committee on Drugs and the Police Commissioners around Australia for their continued partnership approach with the ANCD on this important issue.

I am grateful also for the dedication and enthusiasm of our Executive Director Gino Vumbaca and the commitment of our great staff at the ANCD.

Dr John Herron
Chairman
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR’S REPORT

As is always the case the last 12 months has been very active and very rewarding for the ANCD. It has also included the appointment of a number of existing and new members to the ANCD by the Prime Minister.

The focus of the ANCD in the past 12 months has been on ensuring Australia remains at the forefront of policy and programs to address substance use.

This has meant a lot of work on alcohol related issues whilst at the same time ensuring that our attention on other drugs is not diminished. The increasing pressure on the non-government sector to deliver more services within constrained budgets has also been an area of focus for the ANCD.

Informing and educating the public on the complexity of substance use issues is an area of increasing work for the ANCD as we strive to get the necessary community support for current and new innovative approaches to addressing the levels of substance use and the associated harms.

The work of the ANCD’s National Indigenous Drug & Alcohol Committee and Asia Pacific Drug Issues Committee has also meant the ANCD has made some significant inroads into addressing some of the issues affecting Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander communities and countries in our Region. The contribution of the previous and new members of both these committees cannot be underestimated.

The continued success and growth of the Of Substance Magazine resources and initiatives is also a testament to the quality of membership on its Board and Editorial Reference Group.

All of these achievements are of course only possible with the leadership and guidance of the ANCD Chairman, Dr John Herron, the ANCD Executive and the ANCD members.

There are numerous people to thank across the substance use, government, non-government, education, law enforcement, mental health, research, aid, international and business sectors. There are too many to individually thank. However, their ongoing support and assistance remains valued and deeply appreciated.

This past year has again seen the release of important information, research and position statements by the ANCD, as well as a continuation of consultations with the sectors involved in addressing drug and alcohol issues. This will of course continue in the next 12 months as the enthusiasm of new members across the ANCD and its committees pushes the ANCD to achieve even greater outcomes.

I would like to thank all the ANCD Secretariat staff and the Of Substance staff for their continued hard work and dedication. I would also like to acknowledge the high level of support provided by our financial auspicing body – the Salvation Army (NSW Property Trust).

Gino Vumbaca
Executive Director
ANCD MEMBERSHIP AND TERM

The Prime Minister is responsible for appointing all members to the Australian National Council on Drugs. The Council is currently in its fifth term of membership and this report lists the current members announced on 15 April 2011 (appointed from 2011–2014). Each member serves a term of up to three years, though some have served more than one term of membership. The member’s term/s of membership is indicated after their name.

The members of the ANCD includes individuals with a wide range of experience and expertise on various aspects of drug policy, such as treatment, rehabilitation, education, family counselling, law enforcement, research and work at the coalface in community organisations.

ANCD CURRENT MEMBER PROFILES

EXECUTIVE MEMBERS

DR JOHN HERRON

(2006-present)
Chairman of the Australian National Council on Drugs

Appointed as Chairman of the Australian National Council on Drugs on 21 February 2006 following his return from his appointments as Ambassador to Ireland and the Holy See (2002–2006).

He was a Senator in the Parliament of Australia representing the State of Queensland (1990–2002) and was Minister for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Affairs (1996–2001).

Prior to entering Parliament he was a general surgeon for 30 years and during this time he occupied the positions of President of the Australian Medical Association, Chairman of the Australasian College of Surgeons and Chairman of the Australian Association of Surgeons of his State. He was twice President of the Liberal Party of Australia (Queensland Division) — from 1980–1983 and 2000–2002.

Outside his surgical and political careers he was an officer in the Royal Australian Army Medical corps and a Squadron Leader in the Royal Australian Air Force. He has been awarded the Bancroft Medal of the A.M.A. (QLD), the Justin Fleming Medal of the Australian Association of Surgeons, a Citation by the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons, the Humanitarian Overseas Medal for his service as a Care Australia medical officer during the Rwandan crisis and the Australian Service Medal.

He is a Knight Commander of the Holy Sepulchre of Jerusalem and a Papal Knight of St Gregory. He and his wife Jan have six daughters and three sons.
ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR ROBERT ALI

Director, Community Based Treatment Interventions for the Drug and Alcohol Services South Australia

Associate Professor Robert Ali is a Public Health and Addiction Medicine physician who has worked in the alcohol and other drug area since 1985. Associate Professor Ali is the director of a WHO Collaborating Centre for the Treatment of Drug and Alcohol Problems based in the School of Medical Sciences at the University of Adelaide. Associate Professor Ali was the Chair of the National Expert Advisory Committee on Illicit Drugs and is the Chair of the ANCD’s Asia Pacific Drug Issues Committee.

PROFESSOR MARGARET HAMILTON AO

Professor Hamilton has over thirty five years experience in this field including clinical work, education and research. She has a background in social work and public health and has conducted research in epidemiology, policy, evaluation (prevention and treatment), young people and drugs, women and alcohol, alcohol problems in remote Australia, evaluation of therapeutic communities and self-help and was the founding Director of Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre in Victoria.

She was formerly Chair of the Multiple and Complex Needs Panel, a statutory body in Victoria and currently serves on various alcohol and drug related boards and policy advisory groups including the Advisory Group to the Drug Policy Modelling Programme. She is also a member of the Prime Ministers Council on Homelessness and the Vice President of the Cancer Council Victoria. She is a member of the VicHealth Board and has strong links with many alcohol and other drug organizations such as a Life Governor of the Australian Drug Foundation, Patron of ANEX and a Friend of ARBIAS. She is a member of ADCCA and APSAD. She is the lead editor of two algebra and drug text books and the author of many other publications in this area.
Mr Garth Popple

Executive Director, WHOS (We Help Ourselves) Residential Therapeutic Programs for Drug and Alcohol Dependence;
Board Member & Past President: Australasian Therapeutic Communities Association (ATCA);
President Elect, International Federation of Non Government Organisations (IFNGO).

Mr Popple has been working in AOD management roles since 1986 and in honorary committee and board positions since 1981 for the non-profit sector. He has been primarily focused on the Therapeutic Community (TC) movement for most of his career to date including working with TCs throughout Asia. In 1991 he became involved in harm minimisation initiatives and he stays in touch with the needs and feedback from users past and present.

Mr Popple is the Executive Director of We Help Ourselves (WHOS) which operates six residential TCs within NSW and Qld; WHOS provides other services such as Aftercare and HIV/Infectious Disease Education Services.

The above honorary appointments have a specific interest to Mr. Popple due to their focus on the non-government sector, nationally and internationally.

Mr Popple is an Honorary Fellow of the University of Western Sydney, received in recognition of his ‘Services to the Community’ and more recently (2007) was a recipient of a National Honour Roll Award for persons who have made a significant contribution, over a considerable time period, to the Drug and Alcohol field. His past board memberships and associations include Network of Alcohol and other Drug Agencies NSW (NADA), the World Federation of Therapeutic Communities (WFTC), International Council of Alcohol and Addictions (ICAA) and a number of current and previous international and national Expert Advisory Committees.

The Australian National Council on Drugs has played an important role as the Australian Government’s principal advisory body on drug and alcohol misuse since its establishment in 1998.

I wish to congratulate past and present members who have made a valuable contribution to tackling the issues behind drug and alcohol misuse and welcome those newly appointed members to the Council.

The misuse of drugs is an important issue for the Australian community as it can cause substantial harm to individuals, their families and their communities.

In 2010-11 the Government continued its commitment to reducing the harm caused by drug and alcohol misuse by:

• developing legislation for the plain packaging of tobacco products to remove one of the last remaining vehicles for the advertising of tobacco; and
• establishing Australia’s first national Preventive Health Agency which will provide advice to Government to help reduce the chronic disease burden associated with three lifestyle risk factors — obesity, tobacco and alcohol.

I look forward to the Government continuing to work with the Council on the development of drug and alcohol policy in the future.

The Hon Wayne Swan MP
Deputy Prime Minister
Treasurer
OTHER CURRENT MEMBERS

MS DONNA AH CHEE

(2011 - 2014)
Chief Executive Officer, National Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation

Ms Donna Ah Chee commenced as NACCHO's CEO in May 2011.

Ms Ah Chee has served as the Deputy CEO of Central Australian Aboriginal Congress in Alice Springs for 11 years.

She is a Bundjalung woman from the far north coast of NSW and has lived in Alice Springs for over 20 years.

Ms Ah Chee has been involved in the Aboriginal Medical Services Alliance Northern Territory (AMSANT) and, at the national level, with NACCHO for many years.

She has served on many Northern Territory and national bodies such as the National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee (NIDAC).

PROFESSOR STEVE ALLSOP

(2011 - 2014)
Professor and Director, National Drug Research Institute, Curtin University

Steve Allsop is Professor and Director of the National Drug Research Institute at Curtin University. He has a background in policy, prevention and clinical research. As well as an academic career, he has worked in government services, previously working at the Drug and Alcohol Office, WA and the Drug and Alcohol Services Council, South Australia. He is currently Deputy Chair of the Board of the Drug and Alcohol Office.
PROFESSOR JON CURRIE

(2011 - 2014)

Director, Addiction Medicine, St Vincent’s Hospital, Melbourne

Professor Jon Currie is a neurologist and an addiction medicine specialist, and is Director of Addiction Medicine and Translational Neurobiology at St Vincent’s Hospital, Melbourne.

Professor Currie has particular expertise in the neurobiology of addiction, the acute and chronic effects of alcohol and other drugs on brain function, and the translation of basic neuroscience and neurobiological research into new and effective clinical treatments for addiction.

He is currently a member of the Research Committee within the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC), and is Chair of the Victorian Drug and Alcohol Prevention Council, and of the expert Working Committee that has recently reviewed the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines.

MS CARRIE FOWLIE

(2011 - 2014)

Executive Officer, Alcohol Tobacco and Other Drug Association ACT (ATODA)

Ms Fowlie has held diverse roles in both the alcohol, tobacco and other drug and youth sectors in the areas of workforce development, social policy development, coordination and representation. In recent years she has worked collaboratively with stakeholders to establish the new ACT alcohol, tobacco and other drug sector peak body, for which she is now the Executive Officer.

Among other appointments, she is a current member of the Alcohol and other Drugs Council of Australia Board (ex-officio), the Centre for Youth Substance Abuse Research Advisory Board and the chair of the Expanding Naloxone Availability in the ACT Committee. She has also held several ACT Ministerial appointments, including those focused on police, crime prevention and Legal Aid.

Carrie has worked for social justice, in reconciliation, with Stolen Generations members and in community development. Her work in the youth sector spanned a range of areas including alcohol, tobacco and other drugs, professional ethics, carers, participation, and public space - resulting in her being awarded the ACT Outstanding Contributions to Young People Award.

She also brings with her a sporting background, including working with elite athletes through an international appointment as the Canadian Assistant Chef de Mission at the FINA World Championships. Carrie is a strong advocate for evidence informed practice, public health and social justice.
MAGISTRATE MARGARET HARDING

(2011-2014)

**Drug Court Magistrate, Dandenong Drug Court (Victoria)**

Before studying law at Melbourne University, Margaret worked as a secondary school teacher. Margaret practised as a solicitor and as a barrister before her appointment to the Crimes Compensation Tribunal, and later became a member of the Victorian Administrative Appeals Tribunal in 1989. Margaret has been a magistrate for 20 years and was initially assigned to the Children’s Court from 1991-1996 and then until 1998 to the Civil Division and Crimes Family Violence Division, Melbourne Magistrates’ Court. From 1999 to 2002, Margaret was assigned to the Dandenong Magistrates’ Court and since late 2002 has been the full time Drug Court Magistrate at Dandenong Drug Court. Margaret was also a member of both the former Premier’s Drug Prevention Council and Victorian Drug and Alcohol Prevention Council. She is on the Victorian Drug and Alcohol Strategy Expert Advisory Group and a member of the Australian National Council on Drugs.

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MR NICK HEATH

(2011-2014)

**General Manager, Hobart City Council**

Nick Heath was appointed General Manager of the Hobart City Council in November 2008.

Prior to that, Nick was the Deputy General Manager, Director Strategy and Governance at the Hobart City Council, responsible for the Council’s legal, economic development, strategic planning, risk management and continuous improvement portfolios.

Nick is a qualified lawyer and has had 24 years experience working in local government.

Nick is Chairman of the National Local Government Drug and Alcohol Advisory Committee and is a member of the Council of Capital City Lord Mayors, Drug Advisory Committee. He is also a member director on the Quadrant Superannuation Scheme Board of Trustees, a past President of the Risk Management Institute of Australasia (RMIA), Tasmanian Chapter and a past Chairman of the Hutchins School Board of Management. He is also a past Director of the Hobart Aquatic Centre.

Nick is married with two teenage sons.
MS ANNIE MADDEN

(2011 - 2014)
Executive Officer, Australian Injecting & Illicit Drug Users League (AIVL)

Annie Madden is currently the Executive Officer of the Australian Injecting & Illicit Drug Users League (AIVL) which is the national peak body representing state and territory drug user organisations and illicit drug users at the national level. Prior to her current role, Annie was the Co-ordinator of the NSW Users & AIDS Association (NUAA) for six years. She has an honours degree in Social and Political Sciences. She is on numerous national, Commonwealth Government and research committees including the recently appointed Ministerial Advisory Committee on AIDS, Sexual Health and Hepatitis C. She has been working in the areas of illicit drug use, HIV/AIDS and hepatitis for over 12 years, has been an injecting drug user for over 17 years and has been on methadone for the past 10 years.

COMMISSIONER KARL O’CALLAGHAN

(2011 - 2014)
Commissioner, Western Australia Police

Police Commissioner Karl O’Callaghan’s academic studies have focused on police reform, culture and ethics. He holds a PhD, Bachelor of Education and Bachelor of Arts (Education) and in 1997 was awarded a Churchill Fellowship. This allowed him to complete an international study of the development of ethics and professional standards education in police services.

Prior to his appointment as Commissioner in 2004, Mr. O’Callaghan ran operational police districts in both metropolitan and country areas and currently is transitioning the WA Police through a large-scale cultural reform process. Improving customer service at all levels, developing aspirant female leaders within the Police and building stronger relationships with stakeholders and the community, are all major priorities for him.

Commissioner O’Callaghan is a regular keynote speaker at local, national and international conferences that promote the agenda of police at all levels, along with sitting on the board of a number of private sector and not-for-profit organisations, including the Asthma Foundation and Youth Focus WA.
MR FRANK QUINLAN
(2011 - 2014)

Chief Executive Officer, Mental Health Council of Australia

Frank Quinlan is the Chief Executive Officer of the Mental Health Council of Australia.

Frank was previously the Executive Director of Catholic Social Services Australia, a peak national body for social services in Australia with 69 member organisations providing social and community services to over a million people each year.

Frank has a long history of working in the not-for-profit sector, having previously worked at Grassmere Youth Services, Tranmere Street Youth Refuge, and the Australian Drug Foundation, and having held senior positions at the Alcohol and other Drugs Council of Australia, and the Australian Medical Association.

Frank is an energetic advocate for disadvantaged Australians and for the community and not-for-profit sector and has represented the interests of both his members and the sector on numerous government consultative panels and committees. He was recently appointed to the Australian Government’s Not-for-Profit Sector Reform Council.

Frank completed tertiary studies at both Monash University and Melbourne University and has been a guest lecturer in public policy programs at the Australian National University. Frank has published and contributed to a number of papers and has been quoted widely in the media on a range of social issues.

EMERITUS PROFESSOR DOROTHY SCOTT, OAM
(2011 - 2014)

Emeritus Professor Dorothy Scott, OAM, was the Foundation Chair of Child Protection and the inaugural Director of the Australian Centre for Child Protection at the University of South Australia until she retired in 2010. Prior to this she was Head of the School of Social Work at the University of Melbourne and the Executive Director of The Ian Potter Foundation. Professor Scott’s clinical background is in child welfare and mental health, and she has been closely involved in the development of child protection policy across Australia.

Professor Scott has a deep interest in the prevention of child abuse and neglect and in building the capacity of the AOD sector so it can reduce the vulnerability of children whose parents have a substance dependence.
Assistant Commissioner Julian Slater

(2011 - 2014)

National Manager Forensic and Data Centres, Australian Federal Police

Assistant Commissioner Slater joined the Australian Federal Police (AFP) in 1984 and has gained experience across a range of policing activities. Over his 26 years with the organisation he has worked extensively in forensic operations as well as general duties policing, human resource management, business analysis and dignitary protection.

Assistant Commissioner Slater was promoted to Assistant Commissioner in March 2010 and appointed to the role of National Manager Forensic and Data Centres. This position is responsible for the delivery of the AFP’s forensic capabilities through six facilities across Australia as well as the Australian Bomb Data Centre, Australian Chemical Biological and Radiological Data Centre and the Australian Illicit Drug Data Centre.

Assistant Commissioner Slater has been involved in a range of regional law enforcement capacity building initiatives in South East Asia and the Pacific. He was responsible for the development of the AFP’s Forensic Counter Terrorism group, Forensic Rapid Response capability and the Regional Disaster Victim Identification Capacity Building project.

In 2002, Assistant Commissioner Slater led the AFP forensic and disaster victim identification (DVI) responses to the Bali bombings for which he was awarded the Medal of the Order of Australia (OAM). In 2003, he led the forensic response to the Marriott Hotel bombing in Jakarta and, in 2005, he undertook the role of Joint Chief of Staff (International) leading the international response to the tsunami in Thailand. Assistant Commissioner Slater was the AFP’s DVI commander between 2003 and 2006 and the Chair of the Australasian DVI Committee and member of the Interpol DVI Steering Committee between 2004 and 2006.

Assistant Commissioner Slater has a Bachelor of Management (Employment Relations), Diploma of Applied Science (Forensic Investigation) and a Graduate Certificate in Management.

Ms Sheree Vertigan

President, Australian Schools Secondary Principals Association

Ms Vertigan has been a member of the Executive of Tasmanian Principals Association since its inception in 2003, initially as Secretary and more recently as Vice-President Secondary. Ms Vertigan became a Principal at Reece High School in 2002 after a time as Assistant to the District Superintendent. She has had extensive experience in high schools, district high schools and system positions. Her teaching background is in English. Throughout her career she has led and worked with committees and references groups at both a regional and state level in the following areas: school transformation, curriculum development; inclusive practice including developing supportive school environments; innovative ICT; and
drug and health education with a special interest in mental health and building resilient communities. She is currently the chair for Asia Education Foundation in Tasmania, and Reece High School is a project school.

Ms Vertigan was selected by the Tasmanian Minister for Education to be a member of the School Improvement Board, which works with the learning service to ensure that the school improvement plans meet the learning needs of students within the region. As a representative of the TPA, Sheree is also a member of the recently formed Tasmanian Leadership Development Team which works with Department representatives to formulate policy and programs to support school leadership.

In addition Ms Vertigan is a director/member of the Board of Principals Australia, Headspace Australia, National Leadership Learning Network, and a writer for the Principals Standards Project.

**COMMISSIONER PAUL WHITE**

Liquor & Gambling Commissioner and Commissioner for Corporate Affairs, South Australia  
Deputy Chief Executive, Consumer and Business Services, South Australia

Paul was appointed to Deputy Chief Executive Consumer & Business Services on 14 December 2010 and also holds statutory appointments as Liquor & Gambling Commissioner and Commissioner for Corporate Affairs.

Paul was a career officer with South Australia Police before taking on the role of Police Commissioner and CEO of the Northern Territory Police, Fire & Emergency Services in December 2001. He joined the Attorney General’s Department in October 2009.

Paul was awarded the Australian Police Medal in 2000 and holds a Bachelor of Arts (Honours).

**ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR TED WILKES**

National Drug Research Institute, Curtin University

Associate Professor Wilkes has enjoyed a lifelong involvement in Aboriginal affairs. He has worked at the Aboriginal Sites Department of the Western Australian Museum. Following that, he became Acting Inaugural Head of the Centre for Aboriginal Studies at Curtin University and then enjoyed 16 years as the Director of the Derbarl Yerrigan Aboriginal Health Service in Perth.

Associate Professor Wilkes serves on a wide range of state, national and international committees, which are working towards improving health outcomes for Aboriginal people. This allows him to work collaboratively across organisations, governments and communities to translate beneficial research findings into sustainable health policy and practice.
MEMBERSHIP CHANGES DURING THE YEAR

MEMBERSHIP - 2007 - 2010

Executive
Commissioner Tony Negus - Australian Federal Police (ACT)

Council Members
Ms Jo Baxter - CEO, Drug Free Australia (SA)
Mr David Crosbie - CEO, Mental Health Council of Australia (ACT)
Dr Michael Cohen - President, Palmerston Association (WA)
Prof Ian Hickie - Director, Mind & Brain Institute, Sydney University (NSW)
Mr Jeff Linden - Magistrate (NSW)
Dr Toni Makkai - Executive Director, Australian Institute of Criminology (ACT)
Prof Richard Mattick - Director (NDARC)
Dr Tamara McKean - Flinders University Medical School (SA)
Ms Courtney Morecombe – Ernst & Young (SA)
Mr Dennis Young - Executive Director, Drug Arm (Qld)

I would like to acknowledge the contribution of outgoing members of the Australian National Council on Drugs (ANCD), and welcome the expert advice and whole-of-society perspective that the council’s new and continuing membership will bring to drug and alcohol policy in the 2011-2014 term.

In this last year, the council, as a principal advisory body to Government, played an integral part in the Government’s development of the National Drug Strategy 2010-2015, a framework for action on alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. This was released in March 2011 by the Ministerial Council on Drug Strategy.

The ANCD again provided representation to the Australian delegation to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its 54th session in Vienna, in March 2011. This support provided invaluable in contributing to Australia’s objectives in fostering international discussion and cooperation toward addressing the world drug problem. Chief in this respect were efforts toward marshalling the support of member states for an Australian-led resolution aimed at promoting access to controlled medicines across the globe and in developing countries in particular.

In September 2010, the ANCD co-hosted the 5th meeting of the Pacific Drug and Alcohol Research Network (PDARN) in Vanuatu. PDARN continues as the only research and information network in the Pacific region with a specific focus on drug and alcohol use and related issues. The network provides a regular forum for dialogue, information sharing, capacity building and partnerships in drug and alcohol, toward minimising drug and alcohol related harms across the region.

I look forward to the council’s ongoing participation in the sector and in the Government’s advisory framework under the National Drug Strategy as the Government continues working to build safe and healthy communities across Australia.

The Hon Nicola Roxon MP
Minister for Health and Ageing
Since its inception in 1998, the Australian National Council on Drugs has made a significant contribution to the development of drug and alcohol policy in Australia. The invaluable advice provided by the Council’s National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee (NIDAC) is of particular relevance to my portfolio responsibilities. NIDAC has provided strong leadership in the development of policies to reduce alcohol and other drug problems and associated harms in Indigenous communities.

The Australian Government is determined to continue to do all it can to reduce the devastation and community dysfunction driven by alcohol misuse. As part of an election commitment, the Government announced an investment of $20 million to support community led solutions to address alcohol and drug abuse in Indigenous communities. A great deal of evidence shows that solutions which work best in alleviating problematic alcohol and drug use generally come from within the community itself through local leaders and community members.

I would like to congratulate the Council and NIDAC for their achievements and look forward to continuing our collaboration on initiative to reduce the harmful impact of alcohol and other drugs on individuals, families and communities.

The Hon Jenny Macklin MP
Minister for Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs
I would like to acknowledge the contribution made by the ANCD as one of the principle advisory bodies to the Commonwealth Government on drug policy. The independent and strategic advice and direction provided by the ANCD supports the Government’s commitment to reducing the harms caused by licit and illicit drug use.

I would also particularly like to acknowledge the ANCD’s continued support to the Pacific Drug and Alcohol Research Network (PDARN). The PDARN provides and important contribution to addressing a range of drug and alcohol issues affecting the Pacific Region through a network that supports collaboration with local, regional and international agencies in areas of law enforcement, health and education. The work of PDARN is essential in developing an evidence priorities for drug harm minimisation programs.

The ANCD has also commissioned the University of New South Wales to provide an update to the 2004 report on supply, demand and harm reduction strategies in Australian prisons. This project will provide a valuable insight to inform future decision making through the review of the effectiveness of available alcohol and other drug programs and services across jurisdictions.

I would like to congratulate the ANCD and the Asia-Pacific Drug Issues Committee on their achievements in 2010-2011 and look forward to continuing the partnership to address the challenges in this complex environment.

The Hon Brendan O’Connor MP
Minister for Home Affairs

Sydney Gay & Lesbian Choir performing at the National Drug & Alcohol Awards, June 2011
INTRODUCTION

The Australian National Council on Drugs (ANCD) was established by the Prime Minister in 1998 as a part of the Australian Government’s response to reduce the uptake and use of drugs and the harm it causes in our community. Today, an important component of the ANCD’s work is to ensure that policies, strategies and directions in the drug and alcohol field are consistent with the National Drug Strategy 2010–2015. This National Drug Strategy, which builds on the experience and achievements of the National Drug Strategic Framework 1998–99 to 2003–04 and the National Drug Strategy of 2004–2010, provides a framework for a coordinated, integrated approach to drug issues in the Australian community. It clearly states that the framework’s effectiveness depends on the support and integration of strategies on national, state and territory levels across government and non-government sectors and a high level of cooperation between a very broad range of sectors.

In early 2011 the Government announced the implementation of the National Drug Strategy 2010–2015 and under this new strategy the Ministerial Council on Drugs no longer exists. Nevertheless, the ANCD works to facilitate the strategy through its unique role in enhancing the partnership between government and the community. The ANCD has pivotal advisory and representative functions, with a significant role to provide government Ministers with independent, expert advice on matters related to licit and illicit drugs. Through its work, the ANCD provides expertise from a broad range of sectors; including volunteer and community organisations, prevention, rehabilitation, law enforcement, research, education, health and social welfare fields. The cooperation of these fields is vital to the comprehensiveness of Australia’s policy response to alcohol and other drug (AOD) issues in our community.

The ANCD will continue to strive to work in an open and transparent manner in the provision of independent, evidence-based advice to government on a range of AOD matters. Throughout the 13 years that the ANCD has been operating it has sought to achieve its goals through a wide range of activities including: commissioning a diversity of projects; contributing to public debate on a range of AOD related issues; conducting community consultations and supporting initiatives to strengthen the AOD sector.

This report outlines the work of the ANCD during the 2010–2011 financial year. In particular, it demonstrates how the ANCD’s activities during this period have made progress against the priority areas identified in its three year work plan.

I would like to congratulate the Australian National Council on Drugs for all the good work it has done since it was formed by the Howard government in 1998 to fight drug abuse in this country. I would particularly like to acknowledge the great service of my former colleague, Dr John Herron, the chairman, who has led this organisation now for over five years.

Reductions in smoking levels to amongst the lowest in the world as well as declines in the use of ecstasy and teenage drinking are encouraging. However, the increasing use of cannabis, with its dangerous links to depression and schizophrenia, as well as a general rise in illicit drug use in 2010 means we must all stay vigilant. After all, there is no such thing as the ‘recreational’ use of drugs. Furthermore, much remains to be done to further enforce restrictions on the availability of alcohol amongst indigenous communities, particularly in towns like Alice Springs.

I welcome John’s re-appointment to another term as chairman of the ANCD and I would like to welcome all new members to the Council and thank those whose term ended this year, for their hard work and commitment.

The Hon Tony Abbott MHR
Leader of the Opposition
### Role of ANCD

The Australian National Council on Drugs (ANCD) is the principal advisory body to the Prime Minister and Government on drug policy and plays a critical role in ensuring the voice of the community is heard in relation to drug related policies and strategies. Membership of the ANCD includes people with a wide range of experience and expertise on various aspects of drug policy, such as treatment, rehabilitation, education, family counselling, law enforcement, research and work at the coalface in community organisations.

### ANCD Broad Priority Areas

The ANCD recognizes the difficulty in adequately representing all the areas of need in the drug and alcohol arena. As a result, the ANCD has identified 3 broad categories that contain a number of specific priority areas.

The broad categories identified by the ANCD are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BROAD PRIORITY AREAS</th>
<th>SPECIFIC PRIORITY AREAS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Population Groups</td>
<td>1. Young people</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Indigenous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Co-morbidity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Asia-Pacific</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Families</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Key Sectors</td>
<td>1. Treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Capacity building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Public health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Informing the public</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Law enforcement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C Substances</td>
<td>1. Alcohol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Illicit drugs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Emerging trends</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I congratulate the Australian National Council on Drugs on another strong year helping to shape and inform efforts to reduce the toll of drug and alcohol dependency on our community.

The ANCD continues to provide essential support for Government, MPs, NGOs and the wider community in the development and implementation of important health and social programs.

I would like to make specific mention of the National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee and the important work being undertaken to address health and social challenges facing Indigenous people, especially through northern and central Australia.

As Australian Greens spokesperson on Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health I appreciate the work of the ANCD and NIDAC.

The provision of accurate and unbiased information is essential for ongoing efforts to improve health and social outcomes for Indigenous Australians.

I look forward to another strong year working with the ANCD towards this and many other important objectives.

*Senator Rachel Siewert*

*Greens Senator for Western Australia*
ANCD SPECIFIC PRIORITY CATEGORIES

Based on the ANCD Terms of Reference, the ANCD has identified a select number of key issues, or “priority areas”, which have been the focus of the majority of the Council’s efforts over the course of its 2007-10 term. Whilst these areas have been a priority throughout the term, the ANCD recognizes that the changing nature of drug use in our society today demands a flexible approach.

Accordingly, the priority areas listed are not intended to cover all issues of significance. Rather, they represent a set of areas around which the Council believes it both should, and has the capacity to, make a positive contribution within the scope of its activities for 2007-2010.

A. POPULATION GROUPS

A1. YOUNG PEOPLE

The ANCD recognizes that young people represent an important group in terms of prevention and early intervention, given the greater capacity to avoid later social, health and economic consequences of drug use. Accordingly, the ANCD aims to strengthen our knowledge on issues affecting young people and to support national efforts to address their issues in an appropriate manner.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas within youth:

a) Needs and responses - influences
b) Linkages to prevention and intervention
c) Promoting healthy environments
d) Developing new ways of engaging with young people

A2. INDIGENOUS HEALTH

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are more likely to experience disability and reduced quality of life due to ill health and have a lower life expectancy than other Australians. The use of licit drugs such as tobacco and alcohol poses a disproportionate health risk to Indigenous communities as compared to the total Australian population. It remains a priority of the ANCD to support national efforts that address harmful drug and alcohol use and related harm affecting Indigenous people.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Ensuring consultation and an Indigenous voice in the decision making process;
b) Ensuring monitoring and evaluation of interventions, particularly the Northern Territory emergency response;
c) Encouraging development of innovative and culturally appropriate services for Indigenous people;
d) Increasing the number of Indigenous people in the AOD workforce;
e) Gaining ongoing and additional financial support for effective AOD treatment services.

A3 MENTAL HEALTH – CO-EXISTING DISORDERS

The ANCD acknowledges the necessity for research to be carried out in the area of co-morbidity, and the need for services that are equipped to treat those with mental health and substance misuse problems. Additionally there is a need for effective service models to be established so they may be replicated throughout Australia.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Unplanned service growth;
b) NGO involvement;
c) Development of innovative services;
d) Effective responses.
A4. INTERNATIONAL (ASIA-PACIFIC)

The ANCD recognizes the need to increase Australia’s engagement in our region on drug and alcohol issues. The Asian and Pacific regions present very different but equally important drug and alcohol challenges and opportunities for Australia. The previous regional focus on supply reduction requires continued support, as does the more recent focus on harm reduction strategies to address the HIV emergency. However, a real and sustained commitment on assistance for the regions to address demand reduction is an omission that needs to be rectified.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Increasing Australian aid for drug and alcohol issues in the Asian and Pacific regions;
b) Increasing and enhancing existing linkages and co-operative arrangements with international and regional organizations, particularly those within the Asian and Pacific regions.

A5. FAMILIES

There is a growing recognition of the importance of families in obtaining successful treatment outcomes. In addition, the need to engage with families in early intervention initiatives requires a greater level of attention.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Increasing the engagement of families in the treatment process;
b) Increasing the level and ability of treatment services able to cater for the needs of families;
c) Increasing the level of support for families to establish and maintain positive parenting practices.

B. KEY SECTORS

B1. TREATMENT– SUSTAINABLE ACCESS

Providing drug and alcohol treatment that is both readily available and accessible across Australia remains a key goal for the ANCD.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Ensuring access to viable evidence-based and appropriately resourced systems of care;
b) Ensuring a range of treatment is available
c) Promoting greater levels of treatment after care to overcome potential relapse points for clients;
d) Promoting a greater level of community, business, family and consumer involvement in treatment development and expansion;
e) Promoting treatment linkages such as addressing the disconnect within AOD treatment and treatment for mental illness or other health problems (hepatitis etc.)

B2. CAPACITY BUILDING (WORKFORCE AND NGO’S ETC)

The ANCD acknowledges the value of initiatives that build capacity within the AOD sector and wider community to effectively respond to drug, alcohol and related issues.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) National accreditation of treatment programs with appropriate support;
b) Professionalisation of the workforce;
c) Focusing on rural and regional workforces;
d) Increasing the level of support and recognition of the capacity of the NGO sector to deliver effective and cost efficient drug and alcohol services.
The Victorian Government recognises that the impacts of alcohol and other drug abuse are a complex problem requiring wide ranging responses. Developing and delivering effective responses requires strong partnerships between governments and non-government and community organisations.

The Australian National Council on Drugs plays a vital role in this context, bringing together expert views from a range of sectors to provide advice at the national level. The Council provided valuable guidance to the Ministerial Council on Drug Strategy in shaping the National Drug Strategy 2010-2015.

The Victorian Government is committed to a comprehensive response to the problem of illicit drugs, involving a robust set of programs to tackle the supply of illegal drugs as well as education to reduce the demand and evidence-based treatment programs to help people along the road to recovery. We work with the research and community sectors on a range of priority issues across prevention and treatment and have also invested in strengthening alcohol and drug services and improving access to these services for thousands of Victorians of all ages.

I commend the Council for its leadership in alcohol and other drug research and its excellent contribution to policymaking in this field.

The Hon Ted Baillieu
Premier of Victoria

B3  PUBLIC HEALTH

The ANCD acknowledges the linkages between many public health initiatives. In addressing drug and alcohol issues there are often other public health considerations, such as hepatitis and HIV, that need to be taken into account.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following area:

a) Increasing co-operation and communication with other key public health advisory bodies to ensure effective and consistent advice to government and the public;

B4.  INFORMING THE PUBLIC

The ANCD is acutely aware of the need to inform and educate the wider community on drug, alcohol and related issues. It is also imperative that community views and needs are taken into account when developing advice on addressing drug and alcohol problems. The wider public must be kept engaged in policy and program developments as part of a two way process.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Promoting accurate and responsible reporting of drug and alcohol issues within the media;

b) Increasing the level, accuracy and access of information for the wider community on drug and alcohol issues.

B5.  LAW ENFORCEMENT

The ANCD acknowledges the invaluable gains that have been made in Australia’s responses to drug and alcohol problems by establishing effective partnerships between law enforcement and health sectors.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Increasing the level of communication between health and law enforcement personnel on drug and alcohol issues;

b) Further strengthening the partnership understanding and support for each sector’s policies and programs.
C. SUBSTANCES

C1. ALCOHOL

The ANCD acknowledges the significant detrimental health implications of alcohol misuse. The ANCD aims to provide government with evidence-based advice and information on addressing the negative impacts of alcohol.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Supporting the implementation of the National Alcohol Strategy;

b) Increasing the contribution from the alcohol industry for alcohol and related health and welfare services;

c) Developing appropriate coalitions and collaborations to raise community awareness on the impact of alcohol misuse.

C2. ILLICIT DRUGS

The ANCD acknowledges that the availability and use of illicit drugs can cause significant harm to individuals, families and communities. Ensuring a balanced and wide range of programs are in place to address illicit drug use and the harms it can cause is a priority for the ANCD.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Increasing the availability and accessibility of effective illicit drug use treatment;

b) Monitoring and advising upon innovative and new illicit drug use policies and programs;

c) Maintaining and enhancing the balanced approach undertaken by Australia to implement supply, demand and harm reduction policies.

C3. EMERGING TRENDS

The ANCD acknowledges that to effectively respond to drug and alcohol and related issues there is a need to accurately determine emerging issues and trends.

The ANCD aims to focus on the following areas:

a) Monitoring changes in drug use patterns and trends and providing appropriate advice to government on these changes;

b) Enhancing co-operation with research centres and international partners to be kept informed on drug and alcohol issues that develop;

c) Enhancing systems that increase our knowledge of emerging issues.

AGENCY FORUMS

19 August 2010 Sydney AOD Agency Forum
Drug and alcohol abuse are major problems in developed countries all over the world and Queensland is no exception.

Illness, crime and terrible heartache are just the start of the damage such abuse can cause and not only does it hurt individuals and families, it comes at great cost to the community.

That’s why our government will always work to do what we can to mitigate the damage that drug and alcohol abuse can cause.

While each state and territory has specific issues to deal with, it is important that a national voice on issues like law enforcement, trafficking, medical research and treatment and mental health impairment that arises from such abuse can be heard.

That’s why a peak body like the Australian National Council on Drugs (ANCD) is so important. ANCD is a non-government organisation which was established 13 years ago.

Since then ANCD has conducted extensive research into trends and issues arising from drug abuse and this has been of great assistance to the Queensland Government in formulating its responses to such matters. For instance, ANCD has conducted important research into Indigenous alcohol abuse, an important challenge for the Queensland Government.

I congratulate ANCD on the very important input it has at every level into drug and alcohol abuse and I look forward to further close collaboration in the years to come.

Anna Bligh MP
Premier of Queensland

The Australian National Council on Drugs, as the principal advisory body to the Government on drug and alcohol issues, provides expert advice on various aspects of drug policy, such as treatment, rehabilitation, education, family counselling, law enforcement, research and work at the coalface community organisations. The Council is central to the effectiveness of the National Drug Strategy and complements key national structures including the Inter-governmental Committee on Drugs (IGCD).

I welcome the opportunity to work collaboratively at a national level with the Council to reduce the impact of problems associated with alcohol and other drug use in the community.

Colin Barnett MLA
Premier of Western Australia

I would like to congratulate the Australian National Council on Drugs for its ongoing work in promoting good practice in responding to drug and alcohol issues.

The NSW Government appreciates that drug and alcohol issues require a whole-of-society response, and cannot be managed or responded to by one Government agency alone. The Australian National Council on Drugs plays a pivotal role in bringing together stakeholders, ensuring that a range of perspectives are included in public debate on the direction of drug and alcohol policy in Australia.

As part of our ‘Plan to Provide Timely, Quality Health Care,’ the NSW Government will provide an additional $10 million over four years for drug and alcohol rehabilitation services and programs. This funding will focus on increasing the capacity of community based treatment services and developing methadone exit strategy programs, and is anticipated to assist an additional 5,000 people end their addiction.

The NSW Government acknowledges the achievements of the Australian National Council on Drugs to date and looks forward to working together to further improve policy responses to drug and alcohol issues in our community.

Barry O’Farrell MP
Premier of New South Wales
INJECTING DRUG USE AND ASSOCIATED HARM AMONGST INDIGENOUS AUSTRALIANS

Anex and NACCHO

This project sought to compile a report based on available evidence and literature that explores injecting drug use and its associated harms amongst Indigenous Australians.

The project undertook the following tasks:

1. Review and analyse of the literature on Indigenous injecting drug use, associated harm, self harm and injury that is available within Australia with some understanding and consideration of experience in other relevant countries such as Canada and New Zealand.

2. In the context of the literature review and analysis, conduct interviews with key stakeholders, groups and organisations.

3. Provide a report that describes current knowledge about injecting drug use among Indigenous Australians. In addition to this description, the report should:
   • identify issues and
   • discuss the implications of this information including consideration of:
     - gaps in knowledge and responses;
     - opportunities available; and
     - priority areas to target.

The project aimed to be sensitive to, and identify possible differences across, groups or communities in urban, rural and remote areas of Australia (including any relevant commentary on those communities where there is no injecting).

The report on the project was released in April 2011.

LINK BETWEEN AMPHETAMINE TYPE STIMULANT USE AND TRANSMISSION OF HIV AND OTHER BLOOD BORNE VIRUSE'S IN THE SOUTH EAST ASIA REGION

Burnett Institute

This project seeks to determine the link between Amphetamine Type Stimulant (ATS) use and potential Blood Borne Virus (BBV) transmission with particular reference to the South East Asian experience.

This project will report on:
   • evidence that ATS use does or does not increase the risk of HIV/BBV transmission via injecting or sexual routes;
   • the interventions currently in place both internationally and at a regional level to address ATS use in terms of HIV prevention and the degree of effectiveness of these interventions; and
   • an analysis of ATS risk comparative to opiate risk as a vector for HIV spread;
   • recommendations for future research.

NATIONAL DRUG AND ALCOHOL AWARDS

The National Drug and Alcohol Awards are a collaborative effort of the Ted Noffs Foundation, the Alcohol and other Drugs Council of Australia, the Australian Drug Foundation and the Australian National Council on Drugs. The awards aim to encourage, recognise and celebrate Australian achievements to prevent and reduce alcohol and other drug use and harm.

Awards were presented in the following categories: Prime Minister’s Award for Excellence and Outstanding Contribution in Drug and Alcohol Endeavours; Honour Role; Excellence in Prevention and Community Education; Excellence in Treatment and Support; Excellence in Research; Excellence in Services for Young People; Excellence in Alcohol and Drug Media Reporting; Excellence in Law Enforcement Award and Excellence in School Drug Education.

The National Drug and Alcohol Awards were presented in Sydney on 25 June 2010 and were hosted by the ANCD.
SUPPLY, DEMAND AND HARM REDUCTION STRATEGIES IN AUSTRALIAN PRISONS: AN UPDATE

National Drug Research Centre, University of New South Wales

The National Corrections Drug Strategy 2006 – 2009 provides a framework for a coordinated, integrated approach to addressing drug related issues in Australian correctional facilities and is based on the National Drug Strategy’s harm minimisation approach. One of the six key principles of the Corrections Strategy includes achieving an appropriate balance between the different areas of supply reduction, demand reduction and harm reduction.

To gain a current understanding of how these three harm minimisation approaches are being offered in prisons, the ANCD is seeking a review of the number and proportion of prisoners with a history of problematic alcohol and/or drug use in Australian prisons and the range and depth of supply, harm and demand reduction alcohol and drug programs and services currently in prisons across each jurisdiction.

This review is an update on earlier work commissioned by the ANCD in 2002 which reviewed drug use strategies/programs within Australian prisons with the aim of collating information about measures to reduce the supply and demand for drugs in these prisons. The overall objective was to identify gaps in Australian prison supply, demand and harm reduction strategies through collation of available data on programs and review of the available literature.

I would particularly like to commend the ANCD for its valuable work to seek change in policy related to alcohol and/or other drug issues effecting communities. The ANCD working with the principal and school associations to develop clear advice on the issue of school fund raising activities and the involvement of alcohol is a fine example.

Katy Gallagher
ACT Chief Minister

The Australian National Council on Drugs is congratulated on its significant contribution over the last year to improving Australia’s health outcomes by working with the alcohol and other drug sector, government, non-government, education, law enforcement, mental health, research, aid, international and business sectors. The Council’s close working relationship with key stakeholders, including the Government and its Departments, is reflective of the National Drug Strategy where effective partnerships are essential to addressing the many complexities relating to alcohol and other drug use.

The evidence demonstrates that some population groups experience greater impacts from alcohol and other drug use than others and therefore require additional support. The Council is recognised for its commitment to the ongoing work undertaken for Indigenous communities and people through its National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee (NIDAC), for the Region through it’s Asia-Pacific Drug Issues Committee (APDIC), and for the AOD sector through the national magazine – Of Substance.

The Hon Helen Morton MLC
Minister for Mental Health, Western Australia
ANCD MEMBERS

REPRESENTATIONS ON OTHER COMMITTEES

DR JOHN HERRON

ANCD Committees
- ANCD Executive (Chair)
- AusAID Illicit Drug Initiative
- National Illicit Drug Campaign Reference Group
- National NGO Treatment Grants Program Reference Group
- Pre-cursor Working Group
- Asia-Pacific Drug Issues Committee
- Of Substance Board of Management

MR GINO VUMBACA

SECRETARIAT
ANCD Committees
- ANCD Executive
- National Indigenous Drug & Alcohol Committee (advisor)
- Asia-Pacific Drug Issues Committee
- Of Substance Editorial Reference Group
- Of Substance Board of Management
- ANCD Project Reference Group
- ANCD Campaign Reference Group

ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR ROBERT ALI

ANCD Committees
- ANCD Executive
- Asia-Pacific Drug Issues Committee (Chair)
- National Illicit Drug Campaign Reference Group
- Psychostimulants Expert Reference Group
- Project Reference Group

PROFESSOR MARGARET HAMILTON

ANCD Committees
- ANCD Executive
- Project Reference Group (Chair)
- National Drug Strategy Development Working Group
- National Illicit Drug Campaign Reference Group (Chair)
- National Pharmaceutical Drug Misuse Strategy Expert Reference Group
- Commission on Narcotic Drugs – Australia Delegation

MR GARTH POPPLE

ANCD Committees
- ANCD Executive
- AusAID Illicit Drug Initiative
- Asia-Pacific Drug Issues Committee
- Co-morbidity Reference Group

MS DENISE GILCHRIST

SECRETARIAT
ANCD Committees
- Project Reference Group
- National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee
- National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Conference Committee
- National Alliance for Action on Alcohol

MS TRACEY KRISTIANSEN

SECRETARIAT
ANCD Committees
- Project Reference Group
- Asia Pacific Drug Issues Committee

ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR TED WILKES

ANCD Committees
- National Indigenous Drug & Alcohol Committee - Chair

External Committees
- Expert Advisory Committee on Asia-Pacific
- Pacific Drug & Alcohol Research Network
- National Drug Strategy Expert Advisory Group
- National Binge Drinking Strategy Assessment Panel
- Needle and Syringe Program Initiative Reference Group
- National Alliance for Action on Alcohol
- IDRS-EDRS Steering Committee

MR GARTh POPPLE

ANCD Committees
- ANCD Executive
- AusAID Illicit Drug Initiative
- Asia-Pacific Drug Issues Committee
- Of Substance Board of Management

ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR TED WILKES

ANCD Committees
- National Indigenous Drug & Alcohol Committee - Chair
## ANCD 2010 – 2011 MEETINGS

### 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18 August</td>
<td>Executive Meeting</td>
<td>Sydney</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19 - 20 August</td>
<td>Council Meetings</td>
<td>Sydney</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 October</td>
<td>Executive Meeting</td>
<td>Teleconference</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 November</td>
<td>Executive Meeting</td>
<td>Canberra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 November</td>
<td>Secretariat Steering Meeting</td>
<td>Canberra</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21 February</td>
<td>Executive Meeting</td>
<td>Teleconference</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 May</td>
<td>Executive Meeting</td>
<td>Canberra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17 - 18 May</td>
<td>Council Meetings</td>
<td>Canberra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 June</td>
<td>Secretariat Steering Meeting</td>
<td>Teleconference</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I acknowledge and commend the Australian National Council on Drugs (ANCD) for the considerable contribution it continues to make in the area of alcohol and other drugs policy in Australia.

ANCD’s work as a significant peak advisory body is well regarded and provides a means for non-Government and community-based organisations, working in the drug and alcohol field, to raise concerns and offer input to policy at all levels of Government.

Congratulations to ANCD on its achievements over the 2010-2011 reporting period and for its efforts to address alcohol and drug issues in Australia.

*Hon John Hill MP*

*Minister for Mental Health and Substance Abuse, South Australia*
The ANCD has produced a number of reports on a vast range of issues. Some reports are available in hard copy and can be obtained free of charge by contacting the ANCD Secretariat. All of the ANCDs reports are available in electronic format from the web site www.ancd.org.au.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ANCD Research Paper</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Heroin overdose: prevalence, correlates, consequences and interventions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Structural determinants of youth drug use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Evidence supporting treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Drug policy: the Australian approach</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Diversion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander youth from juvenile detention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Dealing with risk: a multidisciplinary study of injecting drug use, hepatitis C and other blood-borne viruses in Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Indigenous drug and alcohol projects: elements of best practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Supply, demand and harm reduction strategies in Australian prisons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Mapping national drug treatment capacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Evidence-based answers to cannabis questions: a review of the literature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Asia-Pacific Region – Situational analysis of illicit drug issues and responses in the Asia Pacific Region</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Drug Use in the Family – Impact and Implications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Compulsory Treatment in Australia: a discussion paper on the compulsory treatment of individuals dependent on alcohol and/or other drugs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Supporting the families of young people with problematic drug use: investigating support options</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Drug testing in schools: Evidence, impacts and alternatives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Non-government organisations in the alcohol and other drug sector: Issues and options for sustainability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Polygon: The many sides to the Australian opioids pharmacotherapy maintenance system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Modelling pharmacotherapy maintenance in Australia: exploring affordability, availability, accessibility and quality using system dynamics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Indigenous specific alcohol and other drug interventions: continuities, changes and areas of greatest need</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Situational Analysis of drug and alcohol issues and responses in the Pacific 2008-09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Injecting drug use and associated harms among Aboriginal Australians</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Rural and regional alcohol and other drugs consultation forums</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Rural and regional co-morbidity workshops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Cannabis: answers to your questions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Fetal Alcohol Syndrome National Workshop 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Heroin related overdoses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>High risk groups and behaviours: A secondary position paper on heroin related overdoses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Naloxone availability: A secondary position paper on heroin related overdoses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Needle and syringe programs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Methamphetamine use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Medically Supervised Injecting Centre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Alcohol and Other Drugs Charter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MEDIA RELEASES

2010
PDARN 2010 - A Successful and Significant Pacific Meeting 9 September 2010

2011
Drugs and Development 27 June 2011
Injecting drug use and associated harms among Aboriginal Australians 27 April 2011
School Fundraising and Alcohol 2 March 2011

COMMUNIQUÉS

August 2010
May 2011

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES

2010
Lock em’ Up Policy is Bad for Everyone 28 December 2010
Smoking Marijuana Doesn't Deserve a Life Sentence 26 October 2010

2011
Parents of drug addicts need our help 15 June 2011

The Northern Territory Government recognises, appreciates and values the role and function of the Australian National Council on Drugs in providing independent advice on a range of national drug policies, strategies and research.

In bringing together national expertise from volunteer groups, community organisations and non-government treatment and support agencies, the ANCD enhances the comprehensive nature of Australia’s timely and considered policy responses to alcohol and other drug issues.

The Northern Territory Government acknowledges the work that has been done to date at a national level as well as jurisdictional consultations and support to local organisations. The ongoing contribution and commitment by the Australian National Council on Drugs in reducing the harms caused by alcohol and other drug use in the community is strongly encouraged.

The Hon Kon Vatskalis, Minister for Health, Northern Territory
ASIA PACIFIC DRUG ISSUES COMMITTEE (APDIC)

At the request of the Australian Government the ANCD has increased its links throughout the Asia-Pacific Region to enable it to better advise the Government on the most appropriate ways to work with our regional neighbours, as well as to learn from their experiences.

To ensure that the ANCD can provide the Government valuable advice, it convenes a specialised committee chaired by A/Prof Robert Ali that is made up of individuals with a broad range of experience and expertise in drug policy in the region.

APDIC CURRENT MEMBER PROFILES

ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR ROBERT ALI (CHAIR)

Director, Clinical Policy and Research for the Drug and Alcohol Services Council (SA)

Associate Professor Robert Ali is a Public Health and Addiction Medicine physician who has worked in the alcohol and other drug area since 1985. Associate Professor Ali is the director of a WHO Collaborating Centre for the Treatment of Drug and Alcohol Problems based in the School of Medical Sciences at the University of Adelaide. Associate Professor Ali was the Chair of the National Expert Advisory Committee on Illicit Drugs.

PROFESSOR STEVE ALLSOP

Professor and Director, National Drug Research Institute, Curtin University

Steve Allsop is Professor and Director of the National Drug Research Institute at Curtin University. He has a background in policy, prevention and clinical research. As well as an academic career, he has worked in government services, previously working at the Drug and Alcohol Office, WA and the Drug and Alcohol Services Council, South Australia. He is currently Deputy Chair of the Board of the Drug and Alcohol Office.

PROFESSOR LOUISA DEGENHARDT

Principal, Centre for Adolescent Health, Burnet Institute

Professor Louisa Degenhardt began working at the National Drug and Alcohol Research Centre (NDARC) of the University of NSW in 1998, and since then has been involved in a wide range of work examining the epidemiology of illicit drug use, comorbid mental health problems, and illicit drug surveillance.

In late 2010, Louisa moved to the Burnet Institute where she has begun work with colleagues at the Centre for Adolescent Health, MCRI, examining the epidemiology and consequences of risk behaviours among young people in the general population, and with those who are more vulnerable or marginalised (including young people in contact with the criminal justice system and those with drug use and mental health problems). Completing her PhD in 2001, examining the comorbidity of drug use and mental health problems in the Australian population, she took up a lectureship at NDARC, and was appointed as Professor of Epidemiology in 2007. From 2001-2008 she established and expanded national illicit drug surveillance and strategic early warning systems across Australia. Louisa is involved in ongoing national and international projects examining illicit drug use and related harms. She was the lead academic on the Secretariat for the Reference Group to the United Nations on Injecting Drug Use and HIV (2007-2010). She continues to work with WHO and UNAIDS examining epidemiology of illicit drug use and associated health risks across the globe. She is currently leading the Expert Group on illicit drug use for the 2005 Global Burden of Disease project, responsible for making estimates of the burden of disease for illicit drug dependence, and illicit drug use as a risk factor for other health outcomes. She has published 230 peer reviewed papers, co-edited three books, and authored 20 book chapters and over 100 technical reports and monographs.
**PROFESSOR KATE DOLAN**

*University of New South Wales*

Professor Kate Dolan has studied blood borne viruses since 1984. With others she started Australia’s first needle and syringe exchange program in November 1986. She was a founding member of the Australian Prostitutes’ Collective and ADIC, the AIDS & Drugs Information Collective, the first drug users group in Australia. She has conducted over 80 studies investigating the transmission and prevention of blood borne viral infections. Her main areas of research interests are drug treatment and the prevention of blood borne viral infections in prison, drug injecting and drug treatment in developing countries, needle and syringe programs, methadone treatment and injecting rooms. She has published widely and been invited to present her research at numerous international conferences. She designed and carried out a Randomised Controlled Trial on the NSW prison methadone program. She held a NHMRC Post Doctoral Research Fellowship to examine hepatitis C in prison.

She established the Program of International Research and Training (PIRT) at NDARC in 2003. PIRT aims to build capacity among researchers and clinicians in developing countries. PIRT has undertaken 20 projects in countries such as Burma, Iran, Indonesia, Taiwan, Vietnam and China. PIRT established the first drug treatment clinic for female drug users in Iran in 2007. She has received over $16 million in funding for her research.

**PROFESSOR MICHAEL FARRELL**

*Director of the National Drug and Alcohol Research Centre*

Professor Michael Farrell is the Director of the National Drug and Alcohol Research Centre in UNSW, Sydney since March 2011.

He did his original undergraduate training in Dublin, Ireland, he worked in London for over 20 years where he was a Consultant Addiction Psychiatrist at the Maudsley Hospital and a Professor of Addiction Psychiatry at the Institute of Psychiatry, Kings College, London.

His areas of interest have been broad based population studies based on the UK National Psychiatric Morbidity Programme where the issues of substance use and psychiatric morbidity were explored. He is also interested in Evidence Based Practice and Treatment Evaluation and the translation of new evidence into practice. He has researched aspects of drugs and prison and particularly the risks of overdose on leaving prison or other closed institutions.

He has published over 200 scientific papers and is a member of the WHO Expert Committee on Drug Dependence. He chaired the Scientific Advisory Committee of the European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction in Lisbon up until May 2011. He has undertaken a wide range of work for international agencies and for National Governments on aspects of National Drug Policies.

**DR JOHN HERRON**

*Chairman, Australian National Council on Drugs*

Appointed as Chairman of the Australian National Council on Drugs on 21 February 2006 following his return from his appointments as Ambassador to Ireland and the Holy See (2002–2006).

He was a Senator in the Parliament of Australia representing the State of Queensland (1990–2002) and was Minister for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Affairs (1996–2001).

Prior to entering Parliament he was a general surgeon for 30 years and during this time he occupied the positions of President of the Australian Medical Association, Chairman of the Australasian College of Surgeons and Chairman of the Australian Association of Surgeons of his State. He was twice President of the Liberal Party of Australia (Queensland Division) — from 1980–1983 and 2000–2002.

Outside his surgical and political careers he was an officer in the Royal Australian Army Medical corps and a Squadron Leader in the Royal Australian Air Force. He has been awarded the Bancroft Medal of the A.M.A. (QLD), the Justin Fleming Medal of the Australian Association of Surgeons, a Citation by the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons, the Humanitarian Overseas Medal for his service as a Care Australia medical officer during the Rwandan crisis and the Australian Service Medal.

He is a Knight Commander of the Holy Sepulchre of Jerusalem and a Papal Knight of St Gregory. He and his wife Jan have six daughters and three sons.
**DR JOHN HOWARD**

National Drug and Alcohol Research Centre (NDARC)

John joined NDARC in 2008 and currently is a Senior Lecturer with the National Cannabis Prevention and Information Centre with a focus on young people with multiple and complex needs. From 2001 to end 2007 he was Director — Clinical Services, Training and Research, Ted Noffs Foundation. From 1989–2001 he was a Senior Lecturer in Psychology and Director, Social Health Programs, Department of Psychology, Macquarie University. He is a Consultant Clinical Psychologist in the Department of Adolescent Psychiatry, Prince of Wales Hospital, and from 1995 an Honorary Visiting Fellow at NDARC.

He has worked as a high school teacher, school counsellor, deputy superintendent of a residential unit and senior counsellor of a community-located unit for young offenders.

He was a member of the Technical Steering Committee of the WHO’s Department of Child and Adolescent Health and Development (CAH) for 6 years, and from 1992 he consulted to CAH, UNICEF, UNODC and the Arab Council on Childhood and Development, on street youth/children in developing countries and the health of male adolescents, working at WHO/HQ in Geneva and field-work in India, Philippines, South Africa and Egypt. Since 1999 he has consulted to UNESCAP, with field-work in Lao PDR, Viet Nam, China and Thailand on capacity-building for the community treatment of young drug users. Of late he has been working on developing youth friendly harm reduction in Nepal, China and Thailand, and national and regional training, utilising a toolkit and resources he developed, to promote and build capacity for a youth friendly approach. The toolkit is available so far in English, Thai, Mandarin, Arabic and Indonesian. He is also involved with Georgetown University and Egyptian colleagues on a project to ascertain prevalence and patterns of substance use among Egyptian youth.

He is a Board Member of NCETA, the NSW Ministerial Advisory Committee on Hepatitis, was a member of the Evaluation Working Group of the National Youth Suicide Prevention Strategy, and is a member of a number of National Illicit Drug Strategy working and reference groups. His major clinical, teaching and research areas are: adolescent substance use and ‘street youth’ (in both developed and developing countries), comorbidity, depression and suicide in young people, working with marginalised youth, adolescent psychotherapy, same-sex attracted youth, HIV infection in adolescents, resilience, and treatment capacity-building.

**PROFESSOR MICK KEEPTY**

Adjunct Professor, Australian National University and Charles Sturt University

Mick Keelty was the Commissioner of the Australian Federal Police from 2001 to 2009. He joined the Australian Capital Territory police in 1974. The Australian Capital Territory police and Commonwealth Police were merged in 1979, to create the Australian Federal Police. He became an Assistant Commissioner in 1995 and Deputy Commissioner in 1998. Keelty was appointed Commissioner of Police of the Australian Federal Police on 2 April 2001.

Keelty oversaw the expansion of the organisation following the terrorist attacks in the US later that year and the bombings in Bali, Indonesia in 2002. The organisation quadrupled in size and budget in the nine years he served as Commissioner taking on new roles such as the International Deployment Group - a body of some 1,200 officers serving in Afghanistan, Timor Leste, the Solomon Islands and Papua New Guinea. Keelty was the first Chairperson of the Australian Crime Commission - created in 2002 to replace the former National Crime Authority. He has been formally recognized by the Governments of Cambodia, Indonesia, Singapore and Timor Leste for work undertaken in addressing terrorism and transnational crime in the region. Keelty is currently an Adjunct Professor at both the ANU and CSU.

**MS ELE MORRISON**

International Program Manager, Australian Injecting and Illicit Drug Users’ League

Ele Morrison is the International Program Manager at the Australian Injecting and Illicit Drug Users’ League (AIVL). The international program is funded by AusAID through the HIV Consortium for Partnerships in Asia and the Pacific. AIVL’s work focuses on supporting the development of networks of people who use drugs in Asia to participate in responses to issues of significance for their communities at national and regional levels. Ele has worked in harm reduction in Australia and Asia for over ten years including two years in Kunming, China, working as a harm reduction advisor for the international NGO, Population Services International, and one and a half years working for the AusAID funded Asia Regional HIV/AIDS Project, based in Hanoi, Viet Nam.
**MR GARTH POPPLE**

*Executive Director, We Help Ourselves Residential Therapeutic Programs for Drug and Alcohol Dependence; Board Member & Past President: Australasian Therapeutic Communities Association (ATCA); President Elect, International Federation of Non Government Organisations (IFNGO).*

Mr Popple has been working in A&OD management roles since 1986 and in honorary committee and board positions since 1981 for the non-profit sector. He has been primarily focused on the Therapeutic Community (TC) movement for most of his career to date including working with TCs throughout Asia. In 1991 he became involved in harm minimisation initiatives and he stays in touch with the needs and feedback from users past and present.

Mr Popple is the Executive Director of We Help Ourselves (WHOS) which operates six residential TCs within NSW and Qld; WHOS provides other services such as Aftercare and HIV/Infectious Disease Education Services.

The above honorary appointments have a specific interest to Mr. Popple due to their focus on the non-government sector, nationally and internationally.

Mr Popple is an Honorary Fellow of the University of Western Sydney received in recognition of his ‘Services to the Community’ and more recently (2007) was a recipient of a National Honour Roll Award for persons who have made a significant contribution, over a considerable time period, to the Drug and Alcohol field. His past board memberships and associations include Network of Alcohol and other Drug Agencies NSW (NADA); and the World Federation of Therapeutic Communities (WFTC), International Council of Alcohol and Addictions (ICAA) and a number of current and previous international and national Expert Advisory Committees.

**PROFESSOR ROBERT POWER**

*Principal for Disease Prevention, Burnet Institute*

Professor Power is the Principal for Disease Prevention at the Burnet Institute, and a Professorial Fellow at both Melbourne and Monash Universities. His main research interests focus on risk and HIV prevention, as well as applied qualitative and participatory methods that have direct relevance to public and international health interventions. He is also a member of the Centre for International Health, where he is engaged on a range of research and development projects in the Asia Pacific Region.

**MR GINO VUMBACA**

*Executive Director, Australian National Council on Drugs*

Mr Vumbaca has extensive experience in the HIV/ AIDS and drug and alcohol fields both in Australia and internationally. He is a Churchill Fellow, has completed a Social Work degree and a Master of Business Administration at the University of Sydney and is a qualified Company Director. He has worked as the Manager of HIV/AIDS and related services with the NSW Department of Corrective Services, in a variety of drug and alcohol centres as a counsellor and was responsible for coordinating the establishment of the NSW network of needle and syringe exchange programs for the NSW Health Department.

Mr Vumbaca also continues to provide advice on prisons, HIV and drug issues for international organisations such as the United Nations & World Health Organisation.
It is with pleasure that I write to you to briefly recount the outstanding and productive collaboration between ANCD and UNODC in recent times.

For a number of years UNODC has collaborated closely with the ANCD on drug and HIV related issues affecting South East Asia. If I may be allowed, I would like to single out one particularly important – and current – dimension of this collaboration. This is the catalytic support we have received from ANCD to press forward on holding a series of regional high-level consultations in order to trigger a broader dialogue among policy makers, experts, NGOs and practitioners on the issue of Compulsory Centres for Drug Users (CCDUs) in the region.

These meetings, supported by ANCD as well as AusAID, USAID, UNAIDS and UNESCAP have provided an excellent forum to build momentum to counteract the serious consequences – recidivism, HIV risk, human rights abuses and challenges to the rule of law – related to compulsory treatment of drug dependence in our region.

As a result of these consultations, senior government officials from eight countries in South East Asia have agreed on the need to take immediate action to address drug dependence as a public health issue and to adopt evidence-based policies encouraging, for instance, community-based treatment services.

I am particularly glad to notice that through the continued support of ANCD a Second Regional Consultation on CCDUs in East and South East Asia has been already scheduled for early 2012 in Malaysia. This will certainly provide an important opportunity to continue the dialogue among relevant stakeholders, including the UN system, to ensure that effective, solutions to drug dependence based on innovative community based approaches.

Therefore, I would like to express UNODC’s sincere appreciation for the support and assistance provided by the ANCD to promote scientific, evidence-based and human-rights centered approached in supporting those Governments that, despite significant constraints and limitations, have decided to adopt innovative solutions to the problem of drug dependence in East and South East Asia.

I look forward to continued cooperation with ANCD.

Gary Lewis
UNODC Regional Representative
APDIC STRATEGIC DIRECTION 2009-2011

FOCUS
To advise the Australian National Council on Drugs (ANCD) and the Australian Government on ways to maximise Australia’s response, leadership and impact on Asia-Pacific regional drug issues.

GOALS
- To support and facilitate a comprehensive Australian approach to addressing drug issues in the Asia-Pacific Region, including supply, demand and harm reduction strategies;
- To provide and promote evidence-based information and advice to the Australian Government on the key drug issues affecting the Asia-Pacific region;
- To identify and advise on emerging drug issues within the region;
- To promote and facilitate evidence informed policy;
- To assist in the mobilisation of Australian expertise and experience in all fields related to alcohol and other drugs into regional involvement;
- Facilitating the Australian role in drug policy development;
- Enhancing the partnerships between law enforcement, health and other relevant sectors in the region;
- Promoting and facilitating the building of greater research and development capacity in the region;
- Minimising the health, social and economic harm caused by drug use in the region.

RELATIONSHIPS
- Australian Government, particularly Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade, AusAID, and Department of Health and Ageing, to:
  - Provide timely advice;
  - Maximise impact of advice.
- International and Regional Organisations to:
  - Maximise cooperation;
  - Develop complementary approaches.
- Academic and research organisations within region to:
  - Build capacity;
  - Maximize co-operation.

PACIFIC DRUG & ALCOHOL RESEARCH NETWORK (PDARN)

In 2005, the ANCD commissioned the Centre for International Health to conduct a ‘Situational analysis of illicit drug issues and responses in Asia and the Pacific’. The review found that there is limited data available to assist in understanding illicit drug use and the harms associated with its use in the Pacific. In response to initial findings and recommendations of this report, the Pacific Drug and Alcohol Research Network (PDARN) was formed, with the Centre for International Health acting as the secretariat. PDARN aims to provide a sound evidence base and research capacity to address the problems of drug and alcohol use in the region.

The PDARN meeting held in Vanuatu in July 2010 brought together Pacific country representatives from ministries of health, law enforcement agencies, community-based organisations, regional funding bodies, research and education institutions to further explore drug and alcohol issues.

With the continued support of the Burnet Institute and the ANCD it is hoped that PDARN will see Australia’s drug and alcohol research relationship with Pacific countries strengthen.
INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF NGOS (IFNGO) PRESIDENCY AND CONFERENCE

Mr Garth Popple was appointed as President-elect of the International Federation of Non-Government Organisations (IFNGO) and as a result the ANCD was given the responsibility of hosting the 24th IFNGO World Conference in Malaysia. The ANCD has invited the local Malaysian organisation PEMADAM to co-host the event. This conference, being held in Kuala Lumpur on 8-11 November 2011, will mark the 30th anniversary of the IFNGO, which began in Kuala Lumpur in 1981.

The IFNGO comprises Non-Government Organisations all over the world engaged in addressing substance misuse and has Special Consultative Status with the United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC), as well as formal links to a range of international bodies including the International Labour Organisation (ILO), UNESCO, WHO and ASEAN.

EXPERT ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ASIA AND PACIFIC ISSUES (EAC)

As a member of the EAC, the ANCD works closely with representatives from a number of Australian Government departments (including the Department of Health and Ageing, AusAID, Australian Federal Police, Customs, Attorney General’s and the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade) to develop and promote information and advice on drug issues in the region.

OTHER REGIONAL ACTIVITIES

COMPULSORY CENTRES FOR DRUG USERS ROUNDTABLE

With the assistance of AusAID, APDIC organised a round table of government representatives in the South East Asia Region that operate CCDUs. These roundtables are conducted by UNODC, UNAIDS and UNESCAP and have assisted in ensuring closer scrutiny of the evidence and alternatives to CCDUs in the region. Reports are available on the website.

HIV/AIDS ASIA REGIONAL PROGRAM (HAARP)

The ANCD works closely and collaboratively with the flagship AusAID HIV program in the region (HAARP) to achieve a goal of reducing the level of drug related HIV transmission in the region.

UNODC

Over many years the ANCD has developed a close working relationship with the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and this continued with ongoing and regular communication and exchange of information between the organisations occurring at a variety of levels.

DELEGATIONS

The ANCD continued to receive delegations from a number of countries in the region and work closely with AusAID and relevant embassy officials on the development of productive visits.

APDIC MEETINGS

16 September 2010 (previous membership)
21 March 2011 (current membership)

COMMUNIQUÉS

September 2010
March 2011
NATIONAL INDIGENOUS DRUG AND ALCOHOL COMMITTEE (NIDAC)

The National Indigenous Alcohol and Drug Committee (NIDAC) was established by the ANCD in 2004 to provide independent, expert advice to government on Indigenous drug and alcohol issues and contribute to the development of policy relevant to harmful Indigenous alcohol and drug use.

As the leading voice in Indigenous drug and alcohol policy, NIDAC is committed to ensuring that their priorities and activities adequately reflect the needs of Indigenous communities to respond to alcohol and other drug problems and contributes toward closing the gap on health inequality amongst Indigenous Australians.

NIDAC CURRENT MEMBER PROFILES

EXECUTIVE MEMBERS

A/PROF TED WILKES (CHAIRMAN)

Associate Professor, National Drug Research Institute, Curtin University

Associate Professor Wilkes is a Nyungar leader from WA whose professional background includes working for the Western Australia Museum, the Centre for Aboriginal Studies at Curtin University and sixteen years as the Director of the Derbarl Yerrigan Health Service. Associate Professor Wilkes provides advice and expertise on a wide range of state, national and international committees.

MR SCOTT WILSON (CO-DEPUTY CHAIR)

State Director, Aboriginal and Drug Council (SA) Inc

Mr Scott Wilson is also the first Indigenous Chair of the Alcohol Education and Rehabilitation Foundation (AERF). Mr Wilson has presented a number of papers at both national and international conferences on Indigenous drug and alcohol issues. In 1997, he was awarded the Alcohol and other Drugs Council of Australia (ADCA) Australia Day Achievement Medallion and in 2003, a Centenary Medal for Services to the Community.

MS CORALIE OBER (CO-DEPUTY CHAIR)

Research Fellow, Queensland Alcohol & Drug Research and Education Centre (QADREC) University of Qld

Ms Ober was involved in the Global Project on Indigenous Peoples and Substance Use for the World Health Organisation and the development of the National Drug Strategy Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander Peoples Complementary Action Plan 2003 – 2006. Her major project work has been the development and implementation of a work force development training and capacity building for the Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander Alcohol and Drug Community Workers in Queensland.

A/PROF NOEL HAYMAN (EXECUTIVE MEMBER)

Clinical Director Inala Indigenous Health Service Qld

Associate Professor Hayman also holds appointments with the University of Queensland as Senior Lecturer for the School of Medicine, the Australasian Faculty of Public Health Medicine, is Secretary of the Australian Indigenous Doctors Association and Chair of the ATSI Health Working Group in the Royal Australasian College of Physicians.
**MS DELANEY THIELE (EXECUTIVE MEMBER)**

*Chief Executive Officer, National Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation (NACCHO)*

Having worked in Aboriginal health for many years, Ms Thiele has been an active community member through membership on a range of Boards, including several Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Boards at the Local, State and National level, the Westmead Children’s Hospital and the Western Sydney Area Health Board. Ms Thiele holds a Post Graduate in Health Management and is currently working towards a Masters in Population Health.

**OTHER MEMBERS**

**MS DONNA AH CHEE**

*Deputy Director, Central Australia Aboriginal Congress NT*

Originally a Bundjalung woman from the far north coast of NSW, Ms Ah Chee lives in Alice Springs NT and has been involved in Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander Affairs for over 25 years. She is the Deputy Director of the Central Australian Aboriginal Congress, an Aboriginal community controlled primary health care service in Alice Springs. Ms Ah Chee has also been a board member on the National Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation (NACCHO) and is involved in policy development on Aboriginal health for the Aboriginal Medical Services Alliance of the NT (AMSANT).

**MS WENDY CASEY**

*Principal Advisor, Aboriginal Alcohol and other Drug Program, Practice Development Branch of the WA Drug and Alcohol Office WA*

Ms Casey belongs to the Karajarri and Yawuru people who reside in the Kimberley region in the remote northwest of Western Australia and has extensive experience working in the drug and alcohol field in metropolitan and remote area regions.

**DR COLIN DILLON APM**

*Lecturer, School of Justice, Qld University of Technology Qld*

Prior to his current appointment, Dr Colin Dillon APM, was appointed by the Minister for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Affairs to the Board of Commissioners of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission (ATSIC). Prior to this appointment, Dr Dillon has worked in the Queensland Police Force since 1965. As Inspector of Police, he is the most senior ranking commissioned Aboriginal police officer in Australia. He was awarded the Australian Police Medal (APM) in the Queen’s honour list for distinguished Police Service to Queensland and has an Honorary University Doctorate and Commissioner of Declarations.

**MR DAVID MCGRATH** *(2010)*

Mr McGrath is the Director of Mental Health and Drug & Alcohol Programs for NSW Health, a position he has held for five years. He holds a Honours degree in psychology and a Masters in Business Administration. His particular clinical expertise is in the field of Addiction. Mr McGrath sits on the NSW Psychologist Registration Board, the accrediting body for the approval of psychologists in NSW.

He is the current Chair of the Intergovernmental Committee on Drugs, the national body responsible for drug & alcohol policy in Australia encompassing health and law enforcement responsibilities and has twice been a member of the Australian delegation to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at the United Nations Office of Drugs and Crime in Vienna. He is on the Board of the National Drug & Alcohol Research Centre, the Institute of Psychiatry and the Centre for Rural and Remote Mental Health.
DR JOHN HERRON

Chairman of the Australian National Council on Drugs

Appointed as Chairman of the Australian National Council on Drugs on 21 February 2006 following his return from his appointments as Ambassador to Ireland and the Holy See (2002–2006).

He was a Senator in the Parliament of Australia representing the State of Queensland (1990–2002) and was Minister for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Affairs (1996–2001).

Prior to entering Parliament he was a general surgeon for 30 years and during this time he occupied the positions of President of the Australian Medical Association, Chairman of the Australasian College of Surgeons and Chairman of the Australian Association of Surgeons of his State. He was twice President of the Liberal Party of Australia (Queensland Division) — from 1980–1983 and 2000–2002.

Outside his surgical and political careers he was an officer in the Royal Australian Army Medical corps and a Squadron Leader in the Royal Australian Air Force. He has been awarded the Bancroft Medal of the A.M.A. (QLD), the Justin Fleming Medal of the Australian Association of Surgeons, a Citation by the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons, the Humanitarian Overseas Medal for his service as a Care Australia medical officer during the Rwandan crisis and the Australian Service Medal.

He is a Knight Commander of the Holy Sepulchre of Jerusalem and a Papal Knight of St Gregory. He and his wife Jan have six daughters and three sons.

MR BRADLEY FREEBURN

Coordinator, Drug and Alcohol Unit Aboriginal Medical Service NSW

Mr Bradley Freeburn is a Bundjalung man, from Casino New South Wales who has worked in the health sector since 1993. Mr Freeman has represented the Aboriginal Medical Service and Aboriginal people through the Australian Drug Council of Australia, and provides input on key strategic issues in NSW in relation to alcohol and other drugs. Mr Freeburn also provided advice to the Standing Committee on Social Issues Inquiry into issues relating to Redfern / Waterloo.

PROFESSOR DENNIS GRAY

Deputy Director, National Drug Research Institute at Curtin University of Technology WA

Professor Dennis Gray established the Institute’s Indigenous Australian Research Program. He is a leading researcher in this area and has established collaborative research relationships with various Indigenous community-controlled organisations, as well as publishing extensively on Indigenous substance misuse issues and presented research at various national and international forums.

MS MARION HANSEN

Chairperson of Southern Regional Aboriginal Justice Advisory Committee/Chairperson Victorian Aboriginal Family Violence Legal Prevention Service

Ms Hansen is a Gamilaroi woman from NSW who has worked for the Koori community over the past 32 years in the areas of health, substance abuse and advocacy. Previously held positions include ATSIC regional councillor and Victorian Commissioner for ATSIC. Ms Hansen is a founding member of Ngwala Willumbong Co-operative Ltd, the largest Koori drug and alcohol service in Victoria. Ms Hansen also chairs the Aboriginal Family Violence & Prevention Legal Service and the South East Regional Aboriginal Advisory Committee in Victoria.
MR ROMLIE MOKAK

Chief Executive Officer, Australian Indigenous Doctors Association

Mr Mokak was born in Darwin, NT. His people are Djugun from Western Australia and he's lived in Canberra over the recent past. Mr Mokak has experience working at community, State and Commonwealth levels in a range of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander policy areas including disability, ageing, population health, financing and substance use. Mr Mokak has been AIDA's CEO since mid 2005. He is a member of the National Indigenous Health Equality Council and the Board of the Fred Hollows Foundation.

Mr Mokak has a Bachelor of Social Science degree and a Postgraduate Diploma in Special Education.

MEMBERSHIP CHANGES DURING THE YEAR

Ms Delaney Thiele (Executive Member) resigned from her position at NAACHO and subsequently her role in NIDAC in early 2011.

NIDAC ADVISORS

- Mr Gino Vumbaca, Executive Director, Australian National Council on Drugs
- Representative - Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing
- Representative - Australian Government Office of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health
- Representative - Australian Government Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs

NIDAC SECRETARIAT

MS DENISE GILCHRIST – MANAGER

Ms Gilchrist commenced working with the ANCD in 2006 and with NIDAC in 2009. Ms Gilchrist has worked for the past 28 years in the AOD and mental health sector at both government and non-government levels. She has worked in a number of roles, including that of director at a non-government drug and alcohol facility in Darwin, in areas of acute and forensic mental health as a psychiatric nurse as well as a senior policy and project officer with NT Department of Health and Community Services.

Ms Gilchrist has a particular interest in residential drug and alcohol treatment services including the therapeutic community model of treatment and workforce development issues. Ms Gilchrist has completed a Bachelor of Nursing Degree, a Master of Mental Health and a Diploma in Business Management.

MR RICHARD CHALK – POLICY AND PROJECT OFFICER

Mr Chalk comes to NIDAC and the ANCD with a keen interest in Aboriginal health, having prior come from NACCHO (National Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation), where he was Executive Assistant and also assisted in project support.

Mr Chalk has a history in contract management and strategic procurement. Separately, he has had a background of engagement and voluntary work at a local level with Aboriginal Community in the Queensland South-East region, for approximately 20 years.

Previously, after developing his own business in the private sector, Mr Chalk also spent a period of time in community-engagement as a Tenancy Officer for Queensland Housing.
VISION

To reduce alcohol and other drug problems and associated harms in Indigenous communities nationally.

TERMS OF REFERENCE

NIDAC recognising the Ministerial Council on Drug Strategy - Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders People’s Complementary Action Plan will:

a) Promote the implementation of the National Drug Strategy Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples’ Complementary Action Plan 2003 – 2009.

b) Provide expert advice to governments on the following priority areas:
   - Alcohol
   - Tobacco
   - Illicit drugs
   - Other licit drugs
   - Workforce Development
   - Partnership Approach with Police / Law Enforcement Authorities
   - Need for consistent quality data on Indigenous alcohol and other drug use.

c) Engage and work closely with governments, non-government organizations, community controlled organisations and committees already established to respond to the harmful effects of alcohol and other drugs among Indigenous people.

d) Provide regular reports to the Australian National Council on Drugs, Inter-Governmental Committee on Drugs, national Indigenous representative groups and the Australian Government.

e) Provide expert advice in response to new and emerging issues that impact on Indigenous communities in addressing alcohol and other drug use.

PRINCIPLES

NIDAC is guided by the following principles:

- The importance of a whole of government approach to address the broader structural determinants in Indigenous populations,
- Approaches that are evidence-based and culturally valid, sustainable, long-term and involve local communities, to strengthen and maintain Indigenous culture and values,
- Holistic programs and services for Indigenous people ranging from prevention through to treatment that are culturally sensitive, locally available and accessible,
- Regular consultation with Indigenous communities is conducted in a culturally safe and sensitive manner and including those working to address Indigenous drug and alcohol use, and

NIDAC PUBLICATIONS

NIDAC Implementation Plan January 2011

This document was developed by the National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee (NIDAC) to provide government with implementation strategies for acting upon the key issues and recommendations from the report, Indigenous specific alcohol and other drug interventions: continuities, changes and areas of greatest need.
NIDAC MEMBER AND SECRETARIAT REPRESENTATIONS ON OTHER COMMITTEES

NIDAC members have provided high level advice and input on various committees, forums, government policy reference and advisory groups, including:

- Close the Gap Campaign Group of 14
- Close the Gap Steering Committee

NIDAC MEETINGS

5 & 6 August 2010 in Sydney
17 March 2011 in Adelaide

NIDAC MEDIA RELEASES

Injecting Drug Use and Associated Harms Among Aboriginal Australians, 27 April 2011
Strong Support for Compulsory Use of Opal Fuel, 29 April 2011

NIDAC COMMUNIQUÉS

September 2010
March 2011

It is within the last 12 months that headspace has become more intimately and intensely involved with the ANCD. The ANCD understand the importance and value of collaboration with other sectors and in particular the relationship between substance use and Mental Health issues. The ANCD remains committed to prevention and early intervention with a particular focus on young people. Importantly the ANCD through the progressive leadership of Both The Chair Dr John Herron and the CEO Gino Vumbaca recognise the importance of developing new ways of engaging and working with young people. This is of particular relevance as it reflect a commitment to professionalism and innovation and importantly new ways of doing things with a particular focus on what works for the clients. These are the platforms on which the ANCD is based. Partnerships can often be difficult enough to establish let alone maintain. The partnership between the ANCD is one that will grow and endure given the common commitment to the health and wellbeing of young Australians

Chris Tanti
Chief Executive Officer, Headspace
NIDAC has been working on the 2nd National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Conference, ‘Beyond 2012: Leading the Way to Action’ which will be held on the 6, 7 & 8 June 2012, at the Esplanade Hotel Fremantle, Western Australia.

Following on from the Inaugural National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Conference held in June 2010, the 2nd National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Conference aims to highlight how the sector is currently, and is able to lead the way to action in addressing the harmful effects of alcohol and other drugs and its associated harms among Indigenous Australians.

As the peak body for alcohol and other drug (AOD) prevention, education, treatment and support services in Western Australia, WANADA values the unique position of the ANCD within the national AOD advisory structure. WANADA has experienced an openness and willingness of the ANCD to consult with the Western Australian AOD sector and broader community. While broader community views on drug issues are often polarised and the service sector is diverse, it is our experience that the ANCD represents this range of views on drug issues, and are guided by evidence and sector wisdom.

Recognising the value of working collaboratively with the peaks, it is WANADA’s view that the ANCD has raised the profile of the State peak bodies on a national scale. Through the ANCD, WANADA has participated on funding and advisory committees, and has been invited to inform and provide feedback on research undertaken by the ANCD.

State sector concerns regarding Commonwealth policy, planning and development are able to be raised with the ANCD, with the peak body and the NGO services confident that the issues will be thoughtfully considered.

In this last year in particular WANADA, on behalf of the WA AOD sector, has valued the advocacy work of the ANCD for improved remuneration for NGO AOD sector workers; keeping us informed on the Federal budget and policy developments; and the ANCD’s contribution and support in building the capacity of the AOD sector.

The ANCD continues to contribute to improved working relationship between the Commonwealth and State Government with the ultimate aim of better outcomes for consumers and the broader community.

WANADA looks forward to an on-going and successful partnership with the ANCD.

Jill Rundle, Director
West Australian Network of Alcohol & other Drug Agencies
Of Substance, the national magazine on alcohol, tobacco and other drugs is an initiative of the ANCD and receives funding from the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing.

Of Substance launched its first issue in October 2003 and until December 2009, published four issues per year. Due to rising production and postage costs, magazine publication was reduced to three issues per annum in early 2010 (March, July and November) and continued in this format during 2010/11. To supplement the printed issue, the Of Substance Board approved the launch of a between-issues e-bulletin, delivered via electronic means. The first e-bulletin was published in May 2011. This strategy ensures Of Substance continues to maintain a high visibility and presence in the AOD and related sectors. The magazine targets frontline workers with plain-English articles reporting on current research and emerging issues that affect the sector. Secondary audiences include policy makers, academics and others interested in AOD issues. The magazine has published articles on emerging drug trends, prevention, law enforcement, mental health, research, workforce development, ethics and other topics.

The magazine has a separate management structure to that of the ANCD, with members of the ANCD taking key roles on its Board of Management (chaired by Dr John Herron) and Editorial Reference Group (chaired by Professor Steve Allsop). Other representatives on the Board and Reference Group come from a diverse range of backgrounds from the government, non-government and business sectors. The Board meets quarterly and the Editorial Reference Group meets three times per year.

The Australasian Therapeutic Communities Association (ATCA) would like to acknowledge and congratulate the Australian National Council on Drugs (ANCD) for its continued work on behalf of the sector and the valuable work that has been accomplished over the past year.

As the principal advisor to the Australian Government, the ANCD plays a vital role on behalf of the AOD and broader health sector. The ANCD continues to make itself available through a range of formal and informal structures and processes, identifying and championing the concerns and issues faced by NGOs and supporting the vital role we play.

The ATCA would especially like to acknowledge the work of the ANCD’s many vital committees and in particular highlight the work of the ANCD through the National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee (NIDAC), the Asia Pacific Drug Issues Committee and the provision of quality information through Of Substance, which is now reaching 35,000 people across the sector.

The ATCA would also like to acknowledge the opportunities the ANCD’s work in Asia Pacific has presented to our members in developing links and providing information about developments at national and international level to guide future program development.

The ATCA has members in all States and Territories in Australia and across the north and south islands of New Zealand. Altogether, we provide 67 therapeutic community programs in community and prison settings and across all age groups, including families, young people and adult populations. Our members have benefited enormously from the efforts of the ANCD in advancing the cause of the NGO sector over the years, in particular negotiations around program funding, strategies related to prison-based and diversion programs and the vital concerns of people with co-occurring mental health and substance use issues.

We look forward to developing an ongoing, positive and supportive relationship with the ANCD as we seek to promote the benefits of the Therapeutic Community model as positive treatment for alcohol & other drug dependence, including co-morbidity.

Associate Professor Lynne Magor-Blatch
Executive Officer, Australasian Therapeutic Communities
SUBSCRIPTIONS AND DISTRIBUTION

Prior to July 2005, the magazine was distributed on a paid subscription basis only, with approximately 1,400 subscribers registered. In the 2005/06 Federal Budget, the Australian Government provided significant additional support for the magazine with an increased annual grant, which has enabled the magazine to be distributed free of charge. As a result, the magazine has enjoyed a significant rise in its subscription and distribution figures. The magazine has been actively promoted on a range of electronic forums, at conferences and via links to websites specific to the AOD sector.

At the end 2010/11, the magazine had approximately 8,000 subscribers, with a circulation of approximately 17,000 and an estimated readership of around 35,000 per issue.

MARKETING AND PROMOTION

During 2010/11, promotional activities included:

- Promotion on e-lists and forums. Each issue of the magazine was announced on relevant electronic forums.
- Targeted media promotion with the publication of some issues.
- Promotion at AOD sector events, including some national conferences.
- Copies of the magazine provided to various smaller AOD organisations and events.

WEBSITE - www.ofsubstance.org.au

Since going live in late June 2006, the Of Substance website has proven to be a useful source of information on the magazine – particularly for people accessing articles on specific topics, and for people wanting to subscribe to the magazine (over 90 per cent of subscriptions are now received via the website). The Of Substance site allows people to register for subscription online, plus send feedback and correspondence to magazine staff.

The following table shows a sample of the past 12 months’ website user statistics:

July 2010 – June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Number of Visits</th>
<th>Hits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jul 10</td>
<td>3,561</td>
<td>64,273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aug 10</td>
<td>3,540</td>
<td>49,009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep 10</td>
<td>3,332</td>
<td>34,204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct 10</td>
<td>1,810</td>
<td>32,311</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov 10</td>
<td>3,477</td>
<td>57,521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dec 10</td>
<td>3,015</td>
<td>25,719</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan 11</td>
<td>2,971</td>
<td>29,403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feb 11</td>
<td>2,837</td>
<td>54,151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mar 11</td>
<td>3,986</td>
<td>139,994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr 11</td>
<td>3,178</td>
<td>65,729</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 11</td>
<td>5,170</td>
<td>143,138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jun 11</td>
<td>3,600</td>
<td>51,369</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
JOBS OF SUBSTANCE WEBSITE

The magazine’s Board oversaw the development of an Of Substance jobs website which was launched in 2009. This was seen as a cost-effective and central way for people in the AOD and other community sector to advertise job vacancies. The Jobs of Substance website can be found at www.jobsofsubstance.com.au. Advertisements are listed free-of-charge for 30 days.

The following table shows a sample of the past 12 months’ website user statistics:
July 2010 – June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Number of Visits</th>
<th>Hits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jul 10</td>
<td>3,438</td>
<td>100,280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aug 10</td>
<td>3,495</td>
<td>75,256</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sep 10</td>
<td>3,463</td>
<td>110,480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct 10</td>
<td>2,933</td>
<td>67,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov 10</td>
<td>2,967</td>
<td>89,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dec 10</td>
<td>3,384</td>
<td>53,539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan 11</td>
<td>3,457</td>
<td>48,997</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feb 11</td>
<td>3,210</td>
<td>39,512</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EVALUATION

An external evaluation of Of Substance was conducted in late 2007 and completed in early 2008 by independent consultants LMS Consulting. The findings of this evaluation were reported on in the 2007/08 Annual report. The magazine will conduct another external evaluation in 2011/12.

LOCATION, STAFFING AND MANAGEMENT

In October 2010, the Of Substance office relocated from 439-441 Kent Street, Sydney, to 155 George St, Sydney.

The current staff positions are:

- Managing Editor (part-time): Ms Jenny Tinworth. The Managing Editor oversees the general management, content and production of the magazine. Ms Tinworth had been an editor since 2005.
- Contributing Editor (part-time): Ms Kate Pockley. The Contributing Editor’s role focuses on magazine content, website content and special projects. Ms Pockley had been an editor since 2004.
- Business manager (part-time): Mr George Hamilton. Mr Hamilton has overseen distribution and office management since July 2007.

OF SUBSTANCE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT: 2010/11

CHAIR

Dr John Herron, Chair, Australian National Council on Drugs.

MEMBERS

Ms Mary-Lou Jarvis, Media and Policy Advisor
Mr Ross Pearson, Senior Strategy Consultant, Marketing.
Mr Gino Vumbaca, Executive Director, Australian National Council on Drugs
Dr Dennis Young, Executive Director, Drug-Arm Australia
OF SUBSTANCE EDITORIAL REFERENCE GROUP: 2010/11

CHAIR
Professor Steve Allsop, Professor and Director of the National Drug Research Institute at Curtin University

MEMBERS
Mr Sam Biondo, Executive Officer, Victorian Alcohol & Drug Association (VAADA)
Dr Roger Brough, general practitioner
Dr Neil Donnelly, Senior Research Manager, NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics & Research (BOSCAR)
Dr John Herron, Chairman, Australian National Council on Drugs.
Dr Caitlin Hughes, Research Fellow, Drug Policy Modelling Program, National Drug & Alcohol Research centre (NDARC)
A/Professor Lynne Magor Blatch, Executive Officer, Australian Therapeutic Communities Association (ATCA) and Associate Professor, Centre for Applied Psychology, University of Canberra
Mr David McDonald, consultant in social research & evaluation and Visiting Fellow, National Centre for Epidemiology & Population Health, Australian National University
Professor Ann M Roche, Director, National Centre for Education and Training on Addiction, Flinders University
Mr Chris Tanti, CEO, Headspace.
Mr Tony Trimingham, Director, Family Drug Support (FDS)
Mr Gino Vumbaca, Executive Director, Australian National Council on Drugs
Ms Nicole Wiggins, Manager, Canberra Alliance for Harm Minimisation and Advocacy (CAHMA).

On behalf of the Network of Alcohol and Drugs I would like to commend the ongoing work of the ANCD. On behalf of the Board of Directors and the members I would also like to take this opportunity to congratulate the new members of the Council as well as the reappointed members.

NADA greatly values the contribution of the Council to the ongoing development and delivery of the National Drug Strategy and in particular, the Council’s commitment to meaningful consultation with the drug and alcohol sector nationwide.

NADA looks forward to continuing its productive and mutually beneficial relationship with the Council over the coming years.

Larry Pierce
Chief Executive Officer
Network of Alcohol and other Drugs Agencies
The renewed National Drug Strategy (NDS) 2011/2011 has been of significant benefit in not only confirming the role of ANCD, but also clarifying respective roles of other authorities and peaks in their contribution to future drug policy.

The Alcohol and other Drugs Council of Australia (ADCA) welcomed the invitation to meet with the Executive of the Australian National Council on Drugs (ANCD) in May 2011 and in developing partnerships in progressing national healthcare reform.

This enabled ADCA Board President, Professor Robin Room, and ANCD Chairman, Dr John Herron, the opportunity to clearly define the roles of both organisations and consider initiatives to support the NDS released in February 2011.

One key element was participation by ADCA in ANCD Jurisdictional Forums to further strengthen the joint relationship to meet the challenging needs of strategic stakeholders across the AOD sector, and to eliminate confusion about ADCA's national peak role, and the important ANCD role as strategic adviser to Government.

Both organisations were also highly supportive of a proposal for ADCA's Indigenous Peoples' Working Group and the National indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee (NIDAC) to discuss matters of mutual concern, and agree on possible ways forward, either individually or collectively.

Over the year, ADCA again collaborated with ANCD to help deliver the National Drug and Alcohol Awards (NDAA) in Sydney on 24 June, and on request provided an Opinion article titled “A Collaborative Approach Best for NDS” for ANCD's new e-bulletin in May that was eventually published in Of Substance in July.

ADCA looks forward to engaging further with ANCD during 2011-12 to host the 2nd joint ADCA/ANCD meeting in late November, and participate in the 2nd NIDAC Conference in Fremantle in Western Australia in early June 2012.

Other priorities around future ANCD/ADCA collaboration will centre on international agreements and relationships together with stakeholder engagement on the NDS and participation in regional forums and information and awareness activities.

David Templeman
Chief Executive Officer
Alcohol and other Drugs Council of Australia (ADCA)
ANCD FINANCIAL REPORTS

The Salvation Army (New South Wales) Property Trust is contracted to the Department of Health and Ageing to provide auspicing services to the Australian National Council on Drugs (“ANCD”). This arrangement enables the ANCD to receive high level legal, financial, human resources, operational and administrative support so that it can fulfill its role of providing independent and timely advice to the Federal Government.

The Salvation Army notes that the total funding for the ANCD group for year ended 30 June 2011 was approximately $2.1m. Set out below is a summary of the key financial figures for each program:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Funding Allocation 2010/11</th>
<th>Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit) at 30 June 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Secretariat</td>
<td>1,150 $’000</td>
<td>121 $’000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIDAC</td>
<td>200 $’000</td>
<td>114 $’000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazine</td>
<td>350 $’000</td>
<td>47 $’000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asia Pacific</td>
<td>53 $’000</td>
<td>37 $’000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Projects</td>
<td>350 * $’000</td>
<td>403 $’000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,103 $’000</strong></td>
<td><strong>722 $’000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note
- Core Funding $119K
- NDAA Awards $106K
- Other Funding $125k

The total ANCD group has an aggregate cash balance of $926k at 30 June 2011.

[Signature]

Ian Minnett
Trustee
The Salvation Army
READING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Annual Reports include two financial statements: Balance Sheet and Income Statement.

1. BALANCE SHEET

The balance sheet reports the ANCD’s financial status as at the 30th June, and includes information from the previous year to enable comparison.

The balance has three main categories: Assets, liabilities & Accumulated Funds.

1.1 Assets

Current Assets:
Current assets are things that an organisation expects to convert to cash within a one year period, or, are indeed cash. Debtors are those to whom invoices have been issued, but payment has not yet been received.

Non-current Assets:
Non-current Assets are things an organisation does not intend to convert to cash or that would take longer than a year to convert. The Leasehold improvement is the remaining value of office renovations for the ANCD. This value reduces at a rate of $11,070 per year as depreciation (noted on the Income Statement) until all value has been utilised.

1.2 Liabilities

Current Liabilities:
Current Liabilities are due within one year. Creditors are those who have invoiced the ANCD and payment had not been made as at 30 June. HR provisions are items such as annual and sick leave accrued by employees that are due to be utilised within one year.

Non-current Liabilities:
Non-current liabilities are considered long term, and due after one year. Provision for Long service Leave is the allocating of funds for those employees who are eligible.

1.3 Accumulated Funds

This figure is the funds (either positive or negative) carried over from the previous financial year (retained earnings) plus the surplus/deficit from the income statement

2. INCOME STATEMENT

The income statement shows the revenue and expenses for the last two years. The surplus/deficit shows the difference between the actual revenue and expenses. The figures from the previous financial year are included to enable comparison and making it easy to see short term changes in key numbers.

3. AUDITORS REPORT

The auditors’ report is a summary of the results of an audit, or examination of the financial statements by an independent firm of certified public accountants. The audit is an attempt to determine whether the financial statements report the financial status accurately and reliably.

4. ACCRUAL ACCOUNTING VERSUS CASH BASED ACCOUNTING

Accrual accounting means that income and expenses are recorded as they occur, regardless of whether or not cash has been exchanged. For example, income is recorded as soon an invoice is generated.

Cash based accounting means that the figures recorded represent the actual flow of cash in and out of a business. For example, the income is reported once the invoice has actually been paid.

The ANCD uses accrual based accounting.
### Australian National Council on Drugs

**Secretariat**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

as at 30 June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Balance</td>
<td>268,401</td>
<td>277,284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debtors</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>6,602</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Current Assets</strong></td>
<td>271,401</td>
<td>283,886</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Non-current Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computers</td>
<td>1,787</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leasehold Improvement</td>
<td>12,676</td>
<td>23,747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Non-current Assets</strong></td>
<td>14,463</td>
<td>23,747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL ASSETS</strong></td>
<td>285,864</td>
<td>307,633</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Current Liabilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creditors</td>
<td>7,525</td>
<td>12,088</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HR Provisions</td>
<td>107,389</td>
<td>101,136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Current Liabilities</strong></td>
<td>114,914</td>
<td>113,224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-current Liabilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for Long Service Leave</td>
<td>49,463</td>
<td>31,281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Non-current Liabilities</strong></td>
<td>49,463</td>
<td>31,281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL LIABILITIES</strong></td>
<td>164,377</td>
<td>144,505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NET ASSET / (LIABILITIES)</strong></td>
<td>121,487</td>
<td>163,128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accumulated Funds</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated Funds Surplus / (Deficit)</td>
<td>121,487</td>
<td>163,128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS</strong></td>
<td>121,487</td>
<td>163,128</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**

* Remaining surplus is committed to ANCD projects.
### Australian National Council on Drugs

Secretariat

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**

for the year ended 30 June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues from Continuing Operations</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government Funding</td>
<td>1,150,244</td>
<td>1,265,347</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Received</td>
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<td>7,539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Income</td>
<td>1,759</td>
<td>1,950</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues from Continuing Operations</strong></td>
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<td>1,274,836</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Expenses from Continuing Operations</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Paid</td>
<td></td>
<td>388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation</td>
<td>11,172</td>
<td>11,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic</td>
<td>5,852</td>
<td>5,415</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maintenance</td>
<td>3,162</td>
<td>1,713</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor Purchases</td>
<td>6,104</td>
<td>4,133</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilities</td>
<td>26,441</td>
<td>26,123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicles</td>
<td>15,059</td>
<td>13,527</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catering</td>
<td></td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employees Salaries</td>
<td>432,210</td>
<td>432,209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payroll Oncost</td>
<td>88,002</td>
<td>81,738</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Travel</td>
<td>105,052</td>
<td>129,973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>15,277</td>
<td>21,745</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Events/Meetings</td>
<td>109,137</td>
<td>94,940</td>
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<tr>
<td>Insurance</td>
<td>2,214</td>
<td>2,349</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Fees</td>
<td>74,002</td>
<td>77,258</td>
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<tr>
<td>Inter Entity Transfer</td>
<td>183,000</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>13,329</td>
<td>25,675</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other Property Costs</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent</td>
<td>83,824</td>
<td>83,112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expenses from Continuing Operations</strong></td>
<td>1,210,297</td>
<td>1,011,736</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)</strong></td>
<td>(41,641)</td>
<td>263,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Australian National Council on Drugs

Asia-Pacific Committee

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

for the year ended 30 June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenues from Continuing Operations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government Funding</td>
<td>53,000</td>
<td>23,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Received</td>
<td>632</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenues from Continuing Operations</td>
<td>53,632</td>
<td>23,035</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenses from Continuing Operations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Paid</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilities</td>
<td>2,040</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Travel</td>
<td>2,679</td>
<td>14,081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Events/Meetings</td>
<td>1,690</td>
<td>1,471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insurance</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>41</td>
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<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>8,134</td>
<td>13,364</td>
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<tr>
<td>Expenses from Continuing Operations</td>
<td>14,595</td>
<td>29,067</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)</td>
<td>39,037</td>
<td>(6,032)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Australian National Council on Drugs  
Asia-Pacific Committee  
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION  
as at 30 June 2011  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Balance</td>
<td>37,970</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Current Assets</td>
<td>37,970</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL ASSETS</td>
<td>37,970</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank Overdraft</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>693</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creditors</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>374</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Current Liabilities</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,067</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL LIABILITIES</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,067</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NET ASSET / (LIABILITIES)</td>
<td>37,970</td>
<td>(1,067)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated Funds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated Funds Surplus / (Deficit)</td>
<td>37,970</td>
<td>(1,067)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS</td>
<td>37,970</td>
<td>(1,067)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note  
* Remaining surplus is committed to Asia-Pacific Committee project.
Financial Report
National Indigenous Drug Issues Committee

Statement of Financial Performance
For the year ended 30 June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues from Continuing Operations</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government Funding</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>284,174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Received</td>
<td>4,349</td>
<td>727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Revenues</strong></td>
<td>204,349</td>
<td>284,901</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Expenses from Continuing Operations** |       |       |
| Interest Paid            |       | 875   |
| Utilities                | 158   | 1,174 |
| Motor Vehicles           |       | 535   |
| Employees Salaries       | 56,372 | 77,218 |
| Payroll Oncost          | 17,963 | 3,704 |
| Events/Meetings         | 7,817  | 22,532 |
| Travel                  | 34,376 | 21,117 |
| Administration           | 1,281  | 17,109 |
| Insurance                | 495   | 330   |
| Others                  | 21,345 | 4,444 |
| **Total Expenses**      | 133,807 | 153,039 |

**Surplus / (Deficit)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>64,542</td>
<td>131,862</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Australian National Council on Drugs

**Net Indigenous Drug & Alcohol Committee**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

as at 30 June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Balance</td>
<td>124,972</td>
<td>51,614</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Current Assets</td>
<td>124,972</td>
<td>51,614</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL ASSETS</strong></td>
<td>124,972</td>
<td>51,614</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current Liabilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creditors</td>
<td>(236)</td>
<td>1,239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HR Provisions</td>
<td>8,337</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Current Liabilities</td>
<td>8,101</td>
<td>1,239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-current Liabilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for Long Service Leave</td>
<td>1,954</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Non-current Liabilities</td>
<td>1,954</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL LIABILITIES</strong></td>
<td>10,055</td>
<td>1,239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NET ASSET / (LIABILITIES)</strong></td>
<td>114,917</td>
<td>50,375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accumulated Funds</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated Funds Surplus / (Deficit)</td>
<td>114,917</td>
<td>50,375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS</strong></td>
<td>114,917</td>
<td>50,375</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**

* Remaining surplus is committed to NIDAC project
Australian National Council on Drugs

Of Substance (Magazine)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Balance</td>
<td>80,929</td>
<td>69,446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Current Assets</td>
<td>80,929</td>
<td>69,446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL ASSETS</td>
<td>80,929</td>
<td>69,446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creditors</td>
<td>18,384</td>
<td>32,169</td>
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<tr>
<td>HR Provisions</td>
<td>12,856</td>
<td>6,530</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Current Liabilities</td>
<td>31,240</td>
<td>38,699</td>
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<tr>
<td>Non-current Liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for Long Service Leave</td>
<td>2,340</td>
<td>1,938</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Non-current Liabilities</td>
<td>2,340</td>
<td>1,938</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL LIABILITIES</td>
<td>33,580</td>
<td>40,637</td>
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<tr>
<td>NET ASSET / (LIABILITIES)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Accumulated Funds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated Funds Surplus / (Deficit)</td>
<td>47,349</td>
<td>28,809</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS</td>
<td>47,349</td>
<td>28,809</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note

* Remaining surplus is committed to Of Substance (Magazine) project.
### Australian National Council on Drugs

**Of Substance (Magazine)**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**

for the year ended 30 June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues from Continuing Operations</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government Funding</td>
<td>350,000</td>
<td>340,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Received</td>
<td>3,182</td>
<td>953</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Income</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4,254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support Funding</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>70,000</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues from Continuing Operations</strong></td>
<td><strong>353,182</strong></td>
<td><strong>415,207</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Expenses from Continuing Operations</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Paid</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>303</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maintenance</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>12</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minor Purchases</td>
<td>7,837</td>
<td>17,190</td>
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<tr>
<td>Utilities</td>
<td>1,059</td>
<td>559</td>
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<tr>
<td>Employees Salaries</td>
<td>123,555</td>
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<td>Payroll Oncost</td>
<td>26,035</td>
<td>8,367</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cost of Goods Sold</td>
<td>132,551</td>
<td>130,002</td>
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<tr>
<td>Travel</td>
<td>6,150</td>
<td>3,776</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Events/Meetings</td>
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<td>3,842</td>
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<td>Administration</td>
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<td>7,816</td>
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<tr>
<td>Insurance</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>589</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Fees</td>
<td>2,183</td>
<td>3,079</td>
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<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>1,223</td>
<td>1,223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent</td>
<td>16,191</td>
<td>14,367</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expenses from Continuing Operations</strong></td>
<td><strong>334,642</strong></td>
<td><strong>330,360</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)</strong></td>
<td><strong>18,540</strong></td>
<td><strong>84,847</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Australian National Council on Drugs

**Projects**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

as at 30 June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Balance</td>
<td>414,275</td>
<td>147,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debtors</td>
<td>198</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Current Assets</strong></td>
<td><strong>414,473</strong></td>
<td><strong>147,072</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL ASSETS</strong></td>
<td><strong>414,473</strong></td>
<td><strong>147,072</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creditors</td>
<td>11,064</td>
<td>265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Current Liabilities</strong></td>
<td><strong>11,064</strong></td>
<td><strong>265</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL LIABILITIES</strong></td>
<td><strong>11,064</strong></td>
<td><strong>265</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NET ASSET / (LIABILITIES)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated Funds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated Funds Surplus / (Deficit)</td>
<td>403,409</td>
<td>145,807</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS</strong></td>
<td><strong>403,409</strong></td>
<td><strong>145,807</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**

**The current year cash balance of $414,275 forms part of the Committed Funds.**
**Australian National Council on Drugs**

**Projects**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**

for the year ended 30 June 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenues from Continuing Operations</td>
<td>685,233</td>
<td>341,358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding &amp; Interest</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenues from Continuing Operations</td>
<td>685,233</td>
<td>341,358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenses from Continuing Operations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Costs, Interest Paid &amp; Other Expenses</td>
<td>428,631</td>
<td>426,081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenses from Continuing Operations</td>
<td>428,631</td>
<td>426,081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)</strong></td>
<td>256,602</td>
<td>(84,723)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note*

*Includes one-off & ongoing projects e.g. National Drug & Alcohol Awards, Pacific work and other projects.*
Independent auditor's report to the Trustees of The Salvation Army Australia Eastern Territory ("The Salvation Army")

We have audited the attached Income Statement and Balance Sheet ("the Statements") reported to the Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing ("the Department") for the ANCD - Magazine Program ("the Program") for the period from 1 July 2010 to 30 June 2011. The Statements have been prepared by the Trustees based on the Funding Agreement ("the Agreement") for the Program, for the purpose of fulfilling The Salvation Army's reporting requirements to the Department for the Program, using the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the Statements.

Trustees' responsibilities for the Statements

The Trustees of The Salvation Army are responsible for the preparation of the Statements in accordance with the Agreement, and have determined that the accounting policies in Note 1 to the Statements are appropriate to meet the requirements of the Department. This responsibility includes selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances; ensuring the Statements are prepared and presented in accordance with the Agreement; and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Statements to the Trustees of The Salvation Army based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and presentation of the Statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Trustees, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Statements.

Our procedures included the examination on a test basis, of evidence supporting the amounts disclosed in the Statements. These procedures have been undertaken to form an opinion whether, in all material respects, the attached Statements are prepared and presented in accordance with the Agreement, using the basis of preparation described in note 1 to the Statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.
Auditor’s opinion

In our opinion the attached Statements for the ANCD - Magazine Program for year ended 30 June 2011 are prepared and presented, in all material respects, in accordance with the Agreement.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

Basis of preparation and restriction on distribution and use

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the Statements, which describes the basis of preparation. The Statements have been prepared as required by the Agreement for the Program for the purpose of reporting to the Department. As a result, the Statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the Trustees and the Department and should not be distributed to parties other than the Trustees or the Department.

KPMG

Sydney
25 October 2011
Note to the income statement and balance sheet

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the income statement and balance sheet

The income statement and balance sheet ("the Statements") have been prepared for the sole purpose of complying with the reporting requirements of the Agreement with the Department and must not be used for any other purpose.

The statements have been prepared applying the recognition and measurement rules in Australian Accounting Standards. The Trustees of the Salvation Army have determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the Trustees of the Salvation Army and the Department and have determined that it is not necessary to include all the detailed disclosures, including a statement of cash flows, required by Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia.

The financial report is prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.
ANCD SECRETARIAT

MR GINO VUMBACA

Executive Director, ANCD Secretariat

Mr Vumbaca has extensive experience in the HIV/AIDS and drug and alcohol fields both in Australia and internationally. He is a Churchill Fellow, has completed a Social Work degree and a Master of Business Administration at the University of Sydney and is a qualified Company Director. He has worked as the Manager of HIV/AIDS and related services with the NSW Department of Corrective Services, in a variety of drug and alcohol centres as a counsellor and was responsible for coordinating the establishment of the NSW network of needle and syringe exchange programs for the NSW Health Department.

Mr Vumbaca also continues to provide advice on prisons, HIV and drug issues for international organisations such as the United Nations & World Health Organisation.

MS DENISE GILCHRIST

Manager, ANCD Secretariat

Ms Gilchrist has worked for the past 30 years in the AOD and mental health sector at both government and non-government levels. She has worked in a number of roles, including that of Director at a non-government drug and alcohol facility in Darwin, in areas of acute and forensic mental health as a psychiatric nurse as well as a senior policy and project officer with NT Department of Health and Community Services.

Ms Gilchrist has a particular interest in Indigenous alcohol and other drug issues, residential drug and alcohol treatment services including the therapeutic community model of treatment and workforce development issues. Ms Gilchrist has completed a Bachelor of Nursing Degree, a Master of Mental Health and a Diploma in Business Management.

MR ADAM BODE

Research Officer, ANCD Secretariat from March 2009 - August 2011

Mr Bode joined the ANCD in 2009. He has a Bachelor of Psychology (Honours) and is completing his Bachelor of Laws from the Australian National University (ANU). Mr Bode has worked in the Commonwealth Public Service and at the National Centre for Epidemiology and Population Health at the ANU. While there, he was involved in research investigating factors which influence common mental health problems and alcohol and tobacco misuse in cities and rural areas and Australian farmers’ preparedness and capacity to adapt to climate change.
Mr Richard Chalk

Policy & Project Office, National Indigenous Drug & Alcohol Committee

Mr Chalk comes to NIDAC and the ANCD with a keen interest in Aboriginal health, having prior come from NACCHO (National Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation), where he was Executive Assistant and also assisted in project support.

Mr Chalk has a history in contract management and strategic procurement. Separately, he has had a background of engagement and voluntary work at a local level with Aboriginal Community in the Queensland South-East region, for approximately 20 years.

Previously, after developing his own business in the private sector, Mr Chalk also spent a period of time in community-engagement as a Tenancy Officer for Queensland Housing.

Ms Edith Graham

Finance Officer, ANCD Secretariat

Ms Graham joined the Secretariat in November 2006. She has an extensive banking and financial background, having worked in the industry for the past 15 years. She has a Bachelor of Business Administration, majoring in Economics and Marketing.

Ms Tracey Kristiansen

Policy and Project Officer, ANCD Secretariat

Ms Kristiansen joined the Secretariat in June 2006. Previously Tracey worked extensively in Project Management positions within the information technology sector. She holds a Bachelor of Management from the University of Canberra majoring in International Politics and is currently completing a Masters in Public Policy at the Australian National University. Ms Kristiansen sits on the Asia Pacific Drug Issues Committee and has a strong interest in the Asia Pacific region specifically relating to the drug and alcohol sector.
MS SANDRA LUTHI

Office Administrator, ANCD Secretariat

Ms Luthi joined the ANCD Secretariat in 2010. Previously she has worked in administration and property management roles in the real estate industry.

She has recently graduated from the University of Canberra with a Bachelor of Graphic Design.

MS JULIE O’DONNELL

Project Officer, ANCD Secretariat

Ms O’Donnell joined the Secretariat in September 2006. She holds a Bachelor of Arts, majoring in law. Julie has an extensive career in administration and management, having worked in both the private and public sector for 20 years prior to starting at the ANCD.
## ACRONYMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACT</td>
<td>Australian Capital Territory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADCA</td>
<td>Alcohol and other Drugs Council of Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANCAHRD</td>
<td>Australian National Council on AIDS, Hepatitis and Related Diseases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANCD</td>
<td>Australian National Council on Drugs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AOD</td>
<td>Alcohol and Other Drug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASEAN</td>
<td>Association of Southeast Asian Nations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATDC</td>
<td>Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Council (TAS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COAG</td>
<td>Council of Australian Governments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFNGO</td>
<td>International Federation of Non Government Organisations for the Prevention of Drug and Substance Abuse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IGCD</td>
<td>Intergovernmental Committee on Drugs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCDS</td>
<td>Ministerial Council on Drug Strategy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NADA</td>
<td>Network of Alcohol and Other Drugs Agencies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NDSF</td>
<td>National Drug Strategic Framework</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NGO</td>
<td>Non Government Organisation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NGOTGP</td>
<td>Non Government Organisation Treatment Grants Program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIDAC</td>
<td>National Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Committee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NSW</td>
<td>New South Wales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NT</td>
<td>Northern Territory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QLD</td>
<td>Queensland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SA</td>
<td>South Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAS</td>
<td>Tasmania</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNAIDS</td>
<td>The Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNESCAP</td>
<td>United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>United Nations Children's Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNODC</td>
<td>United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAADA</td>
<td>Victorian Alcohol and Drug Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIC</td>
<td>Victoria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WA</td>
<td>Western Australia</td>
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<td>Western Australian Network of Alcohol and other Drug Agencies</td>
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